

# CY7C6431x CY7C6434x CY7C6435x

# enCoRe<sup>™</sup> V Full Speed USB Controller

# Features

- Powerful Harvard-architecture processor
  - M8C processor speeds running up to 24 MHz
  - Low power at high processing speeds
  - Interrupt controller
  - □ 3.0 V to 5.5 V operating voltage without USB
  - Operating voltage with USB enabled:
    - 3.15 V to 3.45 V when supply voltage is around 3.3 V
    - 4.35 V to 5.25 V when supply voltage is around 5.0 V
  - □ Commercial temperature range: 0 °C to +70 °C
  - □ Industrial temperature range: -40 °C to +85 °C
- Flexible on-chip memory
  - □ Up to 32 KB flash program storage:
  - 50,000 erase and write cycles
  - · Flexible protection modes
  - □ Up to 2048 bytes SRAM data storage
  - In-system serial programming (ISSP)

#### Complete development tools

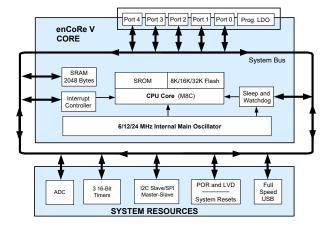
- □ Free development tool PSoC Designer™
- Full-featured, in-circuit emulator and programmer
- Full-speed emulation
- Complex breakpoint structure
- 128-KB trace memory

### ■ Precision, programmable clocking

- Crystal-less oscillator with support for an external crystal or resonator
- □ Internal ±5.0% 6, 12, or 24 MHz main oscillator (IMO):
  - 0.25% accuracy with oscillator lock to USB data, no external components required
  - Internal low-speed oscillator (ILO) at 32 kHz for watchdog and sleep. The frequency range is 19 to 50 kHz with a 32-kHz typical value

- Programmable pin configurations
  - □ Up to 36 general purpose I/O (GPIO) depending on package.
  - 25 mA sink current on all GPIO
    - 60mA total sink current on Even port pins and 60 mA total sink current on Odd port pins
    - 120 mA total sink current on all GPIOs
  - D Pull-up, High Z, open drain, CMOS drive modes on all GPIO
  - □ CMOS drive mode A -5 mA source current on ports 0 and 1 and 1 mA on ports 2, 3, and 4
    - 20 mA total source current on all GPIOs
  - Low dropout voltage regulator for Port 1 pins:
  - Programmable to output 3.0, 2.5, or 1.8 V
  - □ Selectable, regulated digital I/O on Port 1
  - Configurable input threshold for Port 1
  - □ Hot-swappable Capability on Port 1
- Full-Speed USB (12 Mbps)
  - Eight unidirectional endpoints
  - One bidirectional control endpoint
  - □ USB 2.0-compliant: TID# 40000893
  - Dedicated 512 bytes buffer
  - □ No external crystal required
- Additional system resources
  - □ Configurable communication speeds
  - □ I<sup>2</sup>C slave:
    - Selectable to 50 kHz, 100 kHz, or 400 kHz
    - · Implementation requires no clock stretching
    - Implementation during sleep modes with less than 100  $\mu A$
  - · Hardware address detection
  - SPI master and SPI slave:
    - Configurable between 46.9 kHz and 12 MHz
  - □ Three 16-bit timers
  - 10-bit ADC used to monitor battery voltage or other signals with external components
  - Watchdog and sleep timers
     Integrated supervisory circuit

# enCoRe V Block Diagram



Errata: For information on silicon errata, see "Errata" on page 36. Details include trigger conditions, devices affected, and proposed workaround.



# Contents

| Functional Overview               | 3    |
|-----------------------------------|------|
| The enCoRe V Core                 | 3    |
| Full-Speed USB                    | 3    |
| 10-bit ADC                        |      |
| SPI                               | 4    |
| I2C Slave                         | -    |
| Additional System Resources       | 6    |
| Getting Started                   | 6    |
| Application Notes                 | 6    |
| Development Kits                  | 6    |
| Training                          | 6    |
| CYPros Consultants                |      |
| Solutions Library                 | 6    |
| Technical Support                 | 6    |
| Development Tools                 |      |
| PSoC Designer Software Subsystems | 7    |
| Designing with PSoC Designer      |      |
| Select User Modules               | 8    |
| Configure User Modules            |      |
| Organize and Connect              |      |
| Generate, Verify, and Debug       |      |
| Pin Information                   |      |
| 16-pin part pinout                | 9    |
| Pin Definitions                   |      |
| 32-pin part pinout                | . 10 |
| Pin Definitions                   |      |
| 48-pin Part Pinout                | . 11 |
| Pin Definitions                   |      |
| Register Reference                | .13  |

| Register Conventions                    | 13 |
|---|----|
| Register Mapping Tables                 | 13 |
| Electrical Specifications               | 16 |
| Absolute Maximum Ratings                |    |
| Operating Temperature                   |    |
| DC Electrical Characteristics           |    |
| AC Electrical Characteristics           | 22 |
| Package Diagrams                        |    |
| Packaging Dimensions                    |    |
| Package Handling                        |    |
| Thermal Impedances                      |    |
| Capacitance on Crystal Pins             |    |
| Solder Reflow Peak Temperature          |    |
| Ordering Information                    |    |
| Ordering Code Definitions               |    |
| Acronyms                                |    |
| Document Conventions                    |    |
| Units of Measure                        |    |
| Numeric Naming                          |    |
| Errata                                  |    |
| CY7C643xx Errata Summary                |    |
| Document History Page                   |    |
| Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information |    |
| Worldwide Sales and Design Support      |    |
| Products                                |    |
| PSoC <sup>®</sup> Solutions             |    |
| Cypress Developer Community             |    |
| Technical Support                       |    |



# **Functional Overview**

The enCoRe V family of devices are designed to replace multiple traditional full-speed USB microcontroller system components with one, low cost single-chip programmable component. Communication peripherals (I<sup>2</sup>C/SPI), a fast CPU, Flash program memory, SRAM data memory, and configurable I/O are included in a range of convenient pinouts.

The architecture for this device family, as illustrated in the enCoRe V Block Diagram on page 1, consists of two main areas: the CPU core and the system resources. Depending on the enCoRe V package, up to 36 GPIO are also included.

This product is an enhanced version of Cypress's successful full speed-USB peripheral controllers. Enhancements include faster CPU at lower voltage operation, lower current consumption, twice the RAM and Flash, hot-swappable I/Os, I<sup>2</sup>C hardware address recognition, new very low current sleep mode, and new package options.

#### The enCoRe V Core

The enCoRe V Core is a powerful engine that supports a rich instruction set. It encompasses SRAM for data storage, an interrupt controller, sleep and watchdog timers, and IMO and ILO. The CPU core, called the M8C, is a powerful processor with speeds up to 24 MHz. The M8C is a four-MIPS, 8-bit Harvard architecture microprocessor.

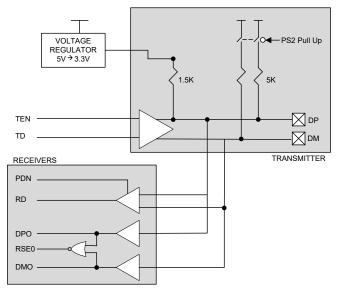
During USB operation, the CPU speed can be set to any setting. Be aware that USB throughput decreases with a decrease in CPU speed. For maximum throughput, the CPU clock should be made equal to the system clock. The system clock must be 24 MHz for USB operation.

System resources provide additional capability, such as a configurable  $I^2C$  slave and SPI master-slave communication interface and various system resets supported by the M8C.

### Full-Speed USB

The enCoRe V USB system resource adheres to the USB 2.0 Specification for full speed devices operating at 12 Mb/second with one upstream port and one USB address. enCoRe V USB consists of these components:

- Serial interface engine (SIE) block.
- PSoC memory arbiter (PMA) block.
- 512 bytes of dedicated SRAM.
- A full-speed USB Transceiver with internal regulator and two dedicated USB pins.



At the enCoRe V system level, the full-speed USB system resource interfaces to the rest of the enCoRe V by way of the M8C's register access instructions and to the outside world by way of the two USB pins. The SIE supports nine endpoints including a bidirectional control endpoint (endpoint 0) and eight unidirectional data endpoints (endpoints 1 to 8). The unidirectional data endpoints are individually configurable as either IN or OUT.

Low value series resistors  $R_{EXT}$  (22  $\Omega$ ) must be added externally to the D+ and D– lines to meet the driving impedance requirement for full-speed USB.

The USB Serial Interface Engine (SIE) allows the enCoRe V device to communicate with the USB host at full speed data rates (12 Mb/s). The SIE simplifies the interface to USB traffic by automatically handling the following USB processing tasks without firmware intervention:

- Translates the encoded received data and formats the data to be transmitted on the bus.
- Generates and checks cyclical redundancy checks (CRCs). Incoming packets failing checksum verification are ignored.
- Checks addresses. Ignores all transactions not addressed to the device.
- Sends appropriate ACK/NAK/Stall handshakes.
- Identifies token type (SETUP, IN, OUT) and sets the appropriate token bit once a valid token in received.
- Identifies Start-of-Frame (SOF) and saves the frame count.
- Sends data to or retrieves data from the USB SRAM, by way of the PSoC Memory Arbiter (PMA).

#### Figure 1. USB Transceiver Regulator



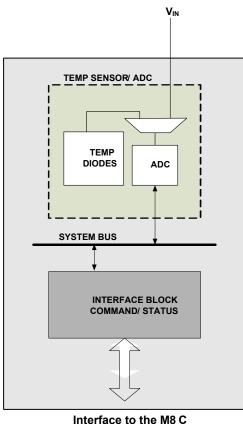
Firmware is required to handle various parts of the USB interface. The SIE issues interrupts after key USB events to direct firmware to appropriate tasks:

- Fill and empty the USB data buffers in USB SRAM.
- Enable PMA channels appropriately.
- Coordinate enumeration by decoding USB device requests.
- Suspend and resume coordination.
- Verify and select data toggle values.

#### 10-bit ADC

The ADC on enCoRe V device is an independent block with a state machine interface to control accesses to the block. The ADC is housed together with the temperature sensor core and can be connected to this or the Analog mux bus. As a default operation, the ADC is connected to the temperature sensor diodes to give digital values of the temperature.





( Processor) Core

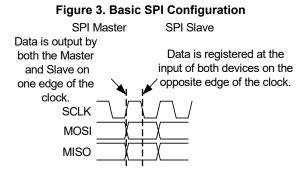
The ADC User Module contains an integrator block and one comparator with positive and negative input set by the MUXes. The input to the integrator stage comes from the analog global

input mux or the temperature sensor with an input voltage range of 0 V to  $V_{\text{REFADC}}.$ 

In the ADC only configuration (the ADC MUX selects the Analog mux bus, not the default temperature sensor connection), an external voltage can be connected to the input of the modulator for voltage conversion. The ADC is run for a number of cycles set by the timer, depending upon the desired resolution of the ADC. A counter counts the number of trips by the comparator, which is proportional to the input voltage. The Temp Sensor block clock speed is 36 MHz and is divided down to 1 to 12 MHz for ADC operation.

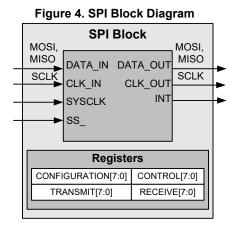
#### SPI

The serial peripheral interconnect (SPI) 3-wire protocol uses both edges of the clock to enable synchronous communication without the need for stringent setup and hold requirements.



A device can be a master or slave. A master outputs clock and data to the slave device and inputs slave data. A slave device inputs clock and data from the master device and outputs data for input to the master. Together, the master and slave are essentially a circular Shift register, where the master generates the clocking and initiates data transfers.

A basic data transfer occurs when the master sends eight bits of data, along with eight clocks. In any transfer, both master and slave transmit and receive simultaneously. If the master only sends data, the received data from the slave is ignored. If the master wishes to receive data from the slave, the master must send dummy bytes to generate the clocking for the slave to send data back.





SPI configuration register (SPI\_CFG) sets master/slave functionality, clock speed, and interrupt select. SPI control register (SPI\_CR) provides four control bits and four status bits for device interfacing and synchronization.

The SPIM hardware has no support for driving the Slave Select (SS\_) signal. The behavior and use of this signal is dependent on the application and enCoRe V device and, if required, must be implemented in firmware.

There is an additional data input in the SPIS, Slave Select (SS\_), which is an active low signal. SS\_ must be asserted to enable the SPIS to receive and transmit. SS\_ has two high level functions:

- To allow for the selection of a given slave in a multi-slave environment.
- To provide additional clocking for TX data queuing in SPI modes 0 and 1.

### I<sup>2</sup>C Slave

The  $I^2C$  slave enhanced communications block is a serial-to-parallel processor, designed to interface the enCoRe V device to a two-wire  $I^2C$  serial communications bus. To eliminate the need for excessive CPU intervention and overhead, the block provides  $I^2C$ -specific support for status detection and generation of framing bits. By default, the  $I^2C$  slave enhanced module is firmware compatible with the previous generation of  $I^2C$  slave functionality. However, this module provides new features that are configurable to implement significant flexibility for both internal and external interfacing. The basic  $I^2C$  features include:

- Slave, transmitter, and receiver operation.
- Byte processing for low CPU overhead.

- Interrupt or polling CPU interface.
- Support for clock rates of up to 400 kHz.
- 7- or 10-bit addressing (through firmware support).
- SMBus operation (through firmware support).

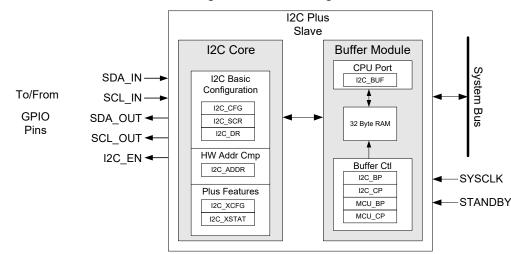
Enhanced features of the I<sup>2</sup>C Slave Enhanced Module include:

- Support for 7-bit hardware address compare.
- Flexible data buffering schemes.
- A "no bus stalling" operating mode.
- A low power bus monitoring mode.

The  $I^2C$  block controls the data (SDA) and the clock (SCL) to the external  $I^2C$  interface through direct connections to two dedicated GPIO pins. When  $I^2C$  is enabled, these GPIO pins are not available for general purpose use. The enCoRe V CPU firmware interacts with the block through I/O register reads and writes, and firmware synchronization is implemented through polling and/or interrupts.

In the default operating mode, which is firmware compatible with previous versions of  $I^2C$  slave modules, the  $I^2C$  bus is stalled upon every received address or byte, and the CPU is required to read the data or supply data as required before the  $I^2C$  bus continues. However, this  $I^2C$  Slave Enhanced module provides new data buffering capability as an enhanced feature. In the EZI<sup>2</sup>C buffering mode, the  $I^2C$  slave interface appears as a 32-byte RAM buffer to the external  $I^2C$  master. Using a simple predefined protocol, the master controls the read and write pointers into the RAM. When this method is enabled, the slave never stalls the bus. In this protocol, the data available in the RAM (this is managed by the CPU) is valid.







# Additional System Resources

System resources, some of which have been previously listed, provide additional capability useful to complete systems. Additional resources include low voltage detection and power on reset. The following statements describe the merits of each system resource.

- Low voltage detection (LVD) interrupts can signal the application of falling voltage levels, while the advanced POR (power on reset) circuit eliminates the need for a system supervisor.
- The 5 V maximum input, 1.8, 2.5, or 3 V selectable output, LDO regulator provides regulation for I/Os. A register controlled bypass mode enables the user to disable the LDO.
- Standard Cypress PSoC IDE tools are available for debugging the enCoRe V family of parts.

# **Getting Started**

The quickest path to understanding the enCoRe V silicon is by reading this data sheet and using the PSoC Designer Integrated Development Environment (IDE). This datasheet is an overview of the PSoC integrated circuit and presents specific pin, register, and electrical specifications. For in-depth information, along with detailed programming information, see the enCoRe<sup>TM</sup> V CY7C643xx, enCoRe<sup>TM</sup> V LV CY7C604xx Technical Reference Manual (TRM)</sup> for this PSoC device.

For up-to-date ordering, packaging, and electrical specification information, see the latest PSoC device data sheets on the web at http://www.cypress.com.

### Application Notes

Application notes are an excellent introduction to the wide variety of possible PSoC designs and are available at http://www.cypress.com.

#### **Development Kits**

PSoC development kits are available online from Cypress at http://www.cypress.com and through a growing number of regional and global distributors, including Arrow, Avnet, Digi-Key, Farnell, Future Electronics, and Newark.

#### Training

Free PSoC technical training (on demand, webinars, and workshops) is available online at http://www.cypress.com. The training covers a wide variety of topics and skill levels to assist you in your designs.

#### **CYPros Consultants**

Certified PSoC Consultants offer everything from technical assistance to completed PSoC designs. To contact or become a PSoC Consultant, go to http://www.cypress.com and look for CYPros Consultants.

#### **Solutions Library**

Visit our growing library of solution-focused designs at http://www.cypress.com. Here you can find various application designs that include firmware and hardware design files that enable you to complete your designs quickly.

#### **Technical Support**

For assistance with technical issues, search KnowledgeBase articles and forums at http://www.cypress.com. If you cannot find an answer to your question, call technical support at 1-800-541-4736.



# **Development Tools**

PSoC Designer<sup>™</sup> is the revolutionary Integrated Design Environment (IDE) that you can use to customize PSoC to meet your specific application requirements. PSoC Designer software accelerates system design and time to market. Develop your applications using a library of precharacterized analog and digital peripherals (called user modules) in a drag-and-drop design environment. Then, customize your design by leveraging the dynamically generated application programming interface (API) libraries of code. Finally, debug and test your designs with the integrated debug environment, including in-circuit emulation and standard software debug features. PSoC Designer includes:

- Application editor graphical user interface (GUI) for device and user module configuration and dynamic reconfiguration
- Extensive user module catalog
- Integrated source-code editor (C and assembly)
- Free C compiler with no size restrictions or time limits
- Built-in debugger
- In-circuit emulation
- Built-in support for communication interfaces:
- Hardware and software I<sup>2</sup>C slaves and masters
- □ Full-speed USB 2.0
- Up to four full-duplex universal asynchronous receiver/transmitters (UARTs), SPI master and slave, and wireless

PSoC Designer supports the entire library of PSoC 1 devices and runs on Windows XP, Windows Vista, and Windows 7.

### **PSoC Designer Software Subsystems**

#### Design Entry

In the chip-level view, choose a base device to work with. Then select different onboard analog and digital components that use the PSoC blocks, which are called user modules. Examples of user modules are analog-to-digital converters (ADCs), digital-to-analog converters (DACs), amplifiers, and filters. Configure the user modules for your chosen application and connect them to each other and to the proper pins. Then generate your project. This prepopulates your project with APIs and libraries that you can use to program your application.

The tool also supports easy development of multiple configurations and dynamic reconfiguration. Dynamic reconfiguration makes it possible to change configurations at run time. In essence, this allows you to use more than 100 percent of PSoC's resources for a given application.

#### Code Generation Tools

The code generation tools work seamlessly within the PSoC Designer interface and have been tested with a full range of debugging tools. You can develop your design in C, assembly, or a combination of the two.

**Assemblers**. The assemblers allow you to merge assembly code seamlessly with C code. Link libraries automatically use absolute addressing or are compiled in relative mode, and linked with other software modules to get absolute addressing.

**C Language Compilers**. C language compilers are available that support the PSoC family of devices. The products allow you to create complete C programs for the PSoC family devices. The optimizing C compilers provide all of the features of C, tailored to the PSoC architecture. They come complete with embedded libraries providing port and bus operations, standard keypad and display support, and extended math functionality.

#### Debugger

PSoC Designer has a debug environment that provides hardware in-circuit emulation, allowing you to test the program in a physical system while providing an internal view of the PSoC device. Debugger commands allow you to read and program and read and write data memory, and read and write I/O registers. You can read and write CPU registers, set and clear breakpoints, and provide program run, halt, and step control. The debugger also allows you to create a trace buffer of registers and memory locations of interest.

#### Online Help System

The online help system displays online, context-sensitive help. Designed for procedural and quick reference, each functional subsystem has its own context-sensitive help. This system also provides tutorials and links to FAQs and an Online Support Forum to aid the designer.

#### In-Circuit Emulator

A low-cost, high-functionality In-Circuit Emulator (ICE) is available for development support. This hardware can program single devices.

The emulator consists of a base unit that connects to the PC using a USB port. The base unit is universal and operates with all PSoC devices. Emulation pods for each device family are available separately. The emulation pod takes the place of the PSoC device in the target board and performs full-speed (24-MHz) operation.



# **Designing with PSoC Designer**

The development process for the PSoC device differs from that of a traditional fixed-function microprocessor. The configurable analog and digital hardware blocks give the PSoC architecture a unique flexibility that pays dividends in managing specification change during development and lowering inventory costs. These configurable resources, called PSoC blocks, have the ability to implement a wide variety of user-selectable functions. The PSoC development process is:

- 1. Select user modules.
- 2. Configure user modules.
- 3. Organize and connect.
- 4. Generate, verify, and debug.

#### Select User Modules

PSoC Designer provides a library of prebuilt, pretested hardware peripheral components called user modules. User modules make selecting and implementing peripheral devices, both analog and digital, simple.

#### **Configure User Modules**

Each user module that you select establishes the basic register settings that implement the selected function. They also provide parameters and properties that allow you to tailor their precise configuration to your particular application. For example, a Pulse width modulator (PWM) user module configures one or more digital PSoC blocks, one for each eight bits of resolution. Using these parameters, you can establish the pulse width and duty cycle. Configure the parameters and properties to correspond to your chosen application. Enter values directly or by selecting values from drop-down menus. All of the user modules are documented in datasheets that may be viewed directly in PSoC Designer or on the Cypress website. These user module data sheets explain the internal operation of the user module and provide performance specifications. Each datasheet describes the use of each user module parameter, and other information that you may need to successfully implement your design.

#### **Organize and Connect**

Build signal chains at the chip level by interconnecting user modules to each other and the I/O pins. Perform the selection, configuration, and routing so that you have complete control over all on-chip resources.

#### Generate, Verify, and Debug

When you are ready to test the hardware configuration or move on to developing code for the project, perform the "Generate Configuration Files" step. This causes PSoC Designer to generate source code that automatically configures the device to your specification and provides the software for the system. The generated code provides APIs with high-level functions to control and respond to hardware events at run time, and interrupt service routines that you can adapt as needed.

A complete code development environment allows you to develop and customize your applications in C, assembly language, or both.

The last step in the development process takes place inside PSoC Designer's Debugger (accessed by clicking the Connect icon). PSoC Designer downloads the HEX image to the ICE where it runs at full speed. PSoC Designer debugging capabilities rival those of systems costing many times more. In addition to traditional single-step, run-to-breakpoint, and watch-variable features, the debug interface provides a large trace buffer. It allows you to define complex breakpoint events that include monitoring address and data bus values, memory locations, and external signals.



# **Pin Information**

The enCoRe V USB device is available in a variety of packages which are listed and illustrated in the subsequent tables.

# 16-pin part pinout

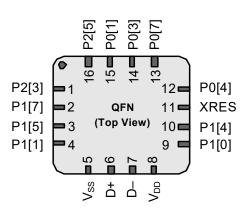


Figure 6. CY7C64315/CY7C64316 16-pin enCoRe V USB Device

# **Pin Definitions**

16-pin part pinout (QFN)

| Pin No. | Туре     | Name                    | Description   |
|---------|----------|-------------------------|---|
| 1       | I/O      | P2[3]                   | Digital I/O, crystal input (Xin)                      |
| 2       | I/OHR    | P1[7]                   | Digital I/O, SPI SS, I <sup>2</sup> C SCL             |
| 3       | I/OHR    | P1[5]                   | Digital I/O, SPI MISO, I <sup>2</sup> C SDA           |
| 4       | I/OHR    | P1[1] <sup>[1, 2]</sup> | Digital I/O, ISSP CLK, I <sup>2</sup> C SCL, SPI MOSI |
| 5       | Power    | V <sub>SS</sub>         | Ground connection                                     |
| 6       | USB line | D+                      | USB PHY   |
| 7       | USB line | D-                      | USB PHY   |
| 8       | Power    | V <sub>DD</sub>         | Supply  |
| 9       | I/OHR    | P1[0] <sup>[1, 2]</sup> | Digital I/O, ISSP DATA, I <sup>2</sup> C SDA, SPI CLK |
| 10      | I/OHR    | P1[4]                   | Digital I/O, optional external clock input (EXTCLK)   |
| 11      | Input    | XRES                    | Active high external reset with internal pull-down    |
| 12      | I/OH     | P0[4]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 13      | I/OH     | P0[7]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 14      | I/OH     | P0[3]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 15      | I/OH     | P0[1]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 16      | I/O      | P2[5]                   | Digital I/O, crystal output (Xout)                    |

LEGEND I = Input, O = Output, OH = 5 mA High Output Drive, R = Regulated Output

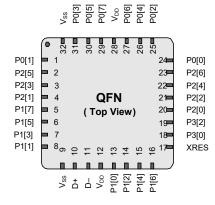
#### Notes

During power up or reset event, device P1[0] and P1[1] may disturb the I<sup>2</sup>C bus. Use alternate pins if issues are encountered.
 These are the in-system serial programming (ISSP) pins that are not High Z at power on reset (POR).



### 32-pin part pinout

Figure 7. CY7C64343/CY7C64345/CY7C64346 32-pin enCoRe V USB Device



### **Pin Definitions**

32-pin part pinout (QFN)

| Pin No. | Туре  | Name                    | Description   |
|---------|-------|-------------------------|---|
| 1       | I/OH  | P0[1]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 2       | I/O   | P2[5]                   | Digital I/O, crystal output (Xout)                    |
| 3       | I/O   | P2[3]                   | Digital I/O, crystal Input (Xin)                      |
| 4       | I/O   | P2[1]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 5       | I/OHR | P1[7]                   | Digital I/O, I <sup>2</sup> C SCL, SPI SS             |
| 6       | I/OHR | P1[5]                   | Digital I/O, I <sup>2</sup> C SDA, SPI MISO           |
| 7       | I/OHR | P1[3]                   | Digital I/O, SPI CLK                                  |
| 8       | I/OHR | P1[1] <sup>[3, 4]</sup> | Digital I/O, ISSP CLK, I <sup>2</sup> C SCL, SPI MOSI |
| 9       | Power | V <sub>SS</sub>         | Ground  |
| 10      | I/O   | D+                      | USB PHY   |
| 11      | I/O   | D-                      | USB PHY   |
| 12      | Power | V <sub>DD</sub>         | Supply voltage  |
| 13      | I/OHR | P1[0] <sup>[3, 4]</sup> | Digital I/O, ISSP DATA, I <sup>2</sup> C SDA, SPI CLK |
| 14      | I/OHR | P1[2]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 15      | I/OHR | P1[4]                   | Digital I/O, optional external clock input (EXTCLK)   |
| 16      | I/OHR | P1[6]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 17      | Reset | XRES                    | Active high external reset with internal pull down    |
| 18      | I/O   | P3[0]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 19      | I/O   | P3[2]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 20      | I/O   | P2[0]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 21      | I/O   | P2[2]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 22      | I/O   | P2[4]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 23      | I/O   | P2[6]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 24      | I/OH  | P0[0]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 25      | I/OH  | P0[2]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 26      | I/OH  | P0[4]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 27      | I/OH  | P0[6]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 28      | Power | V <sub>DD</sub>         | Supply voltage  |
| 29      | I/OH  | P0[7]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 30      | I/OH  | P0[5]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 31      | I/OH  | P0[3]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 32      | Power | V <sub>SS</sub>         | Ground  |
| CP      | Power | V <sub>SS</sub>         | Ensure the center pad is connected to ground          |

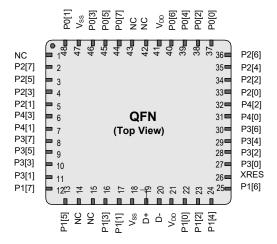
LEGEND I = Input, O = Output, OH = 5 mA High Output Drive, R = Regulated Output

Notes
3. During power up or reset event, device P1[0] and P1[1] may disturb the l<sup>2</sup>C bus. Use alternate pins if issues are encountered.
4. These are the in-system serial programming (ISSP) pins that are not High Z at power on reset (POR).



### 48-pin Part Pinout

#### Figure 8. CY7C64355/CY7C64356 48-pin enCoRe V USB Device



#### **Pin Definitions**

48-pin Part Pinout (QFN)

| Pin No. | Туре  | Pin Name                | Description   |
|---------|-------|-------------------------|---|
| 1       | NC    | NC                      | No connection   |
| 2       | I/O   | P2[7]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 3       | I/O   | P2[5]                   | Digital I/O, crystal out (Xout)                       |
| 4       | I/O   | P2[3]                   | Digital I/O, crystal in (Xin)                         |
| 5       | I/O   | P2[1]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 6       | I/O   | P4[3]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 7       | I/O   | P4[1]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 8       | I/O   | P3[7]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 9       | I/O   | P3[5]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 10      | I/O   | P3[3]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 11      | I/O   | P3[1]                   | Digital I/O   |
| 12      | I/OHR | P1[7]                   | Digital I/O, I <sup>2</sup> C SCL, SPI SS             |
| 13      | I/OHR | P1[5]                   | Digital I/O, I <sup>2</sup> C SDA, SPI MISO           |
| 14      | NC    | NC                      | No connection   |
| 15      | NC    | NC                      | No connection   |
| 16      | I/OHR | P1[3]                   | Digital I/O, SPI CLK                                  |
| 17      | I/OHR | P1[1] <sup>[5, 6]</sup> | Digital I/O, ISSP CLK, I <sup>2</sup> C SCL, SPI MOSI |
| 18      | Power | V <sub>SS</sub>         | Supply ground   |
| 19      | I/O   | D+                      | USB   |
| 20      | I/O   | D-                      | USB   |
| 21      | Power | V <sub>DD</sub>         | Supply voltage  |
| 22      | I/OHR | P1[0] <sup>[5, 6]</sup> | Digital I/O, ISSP DATA, I <sup>2</sup> C SDA, SPI CLK |
| 23      | I/OHR | P1[2]                   | Digital I/O   |

#### Notes

During power up or reset event, device P1[0] and P1[1] may disturb the I<sup>2</sup>C bus. Use alternate pins if issues are encountered.
 These are the in-system serial programming (ISSP) pins that are not High Z at power on reset (POR).



# **Pin Definitions**

48-pin Part Pinout (QFN)

| Pin No. | Туре  | Pin Name        | Description   |
|---------|-------|-----------------|---|
| 24      | I/OHR | P1[4]           | Digital I/O, optional external clock input (EXTCLK) |
| 25      | I/OHR | P1[6]           | Digital I/O   |
| 26      | XRES  | Ext Reset       | Active high external reset with internal pull down  |
| 27      | I/O   | P3[0]           | Digital I/O   |
| 28      | I/O   | P3[2]           | Digital I/O   |
| 29      | I/O   | P3[4]           | Digital I/O   |
| 30      | I/O   | P3[6]           | Digital I/O   |
| 31      | I/O   | P4[0]           | Digital I/O   |
| 32      | I/O   | P4[2]           | Digital I/O   |
| 33      | I/O   | P2[0]           | Digital I/O   |
| 34      | I/O   | P2[2]           | Digital I/O   |
| 35      | I/O   | P2[4]           | Digital I/O   |
| 36      | I/O   | P2[6]           | Digital I/O   |
| 37      | I/OH  | P0[0]           | Digital I/O   |
| 38      | I/OH  | P0[2]           | Digital I/O   |
| 39      | I/OH  | P0[4]           | Digital I/O   |
| 40      | I/OH  | P0[6]           | Digital I/O   |
| 41      | Power | V <sub>DD</sub> | Supply voltage                                      |
| 42      | NC    | NC              | No connection                                       |
| 43      | NC    | NC              | No connection                                       |
| 44      | I/OH  | P0[7]           | Digital I/O   |
| 45      | I/OH  | P0[5]           | Digital I/O   |
| 46      | I/OH  | P0[3]           | Digital I/O   |
| 47      | Power | V <sub>SS</sub> | Supply ground                                       |
| 48      | I/OH  | P0[1]           | Digital I/O   |
| CP      | Power | V <sub>SS</sub> | Ensure the center pad is connected to ground        |

LEGEND I = Input, O = Output, OH = 5 mA High Output Drive, R = Regulated Output



# **Register Reference**

The section discusses the registers of the enCoRe V device. It lists all the registers in mapping tables, in address order.

# **Register Conventions**

The register conventions specific to this section are listed in the following table.

#### Table 1. Register Conventions

| Convention | Description                |
|------------|----------------------------|
| R          | Read register or bits      |
| W          | Write register or bits     |
| L          | Logical register or bits   |
| С          | Clearable register or bits |
| #          | Access is bit specific     |

# **Register Mapping Tables**

The enCoRe V device has a total register address space of 512 bytes. The register space is also referred to as I/O space and is broken into two parts: Bank 0 (user space) and Bank 1 (configuration space). The XIO bit in the Flag register (CPU\_F) determines which bank the user is currently in. When the XIO bit is set, the user is said to be in the "extended" address space or the "configuration" registers.



### Table 2. Register Map Bank 0 Table: User Space

|                | <u> </u>         |              | Table: Use           |                            | A           | Nama      |                     | A      | Marria           |   | A      |
|----------------|------------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------------------|-------------|-----------|---------------------|--------|------------------|---|--------|
| Name<br>PRT0DR | Addr (0, Hex)    | Access<br>RW | Name<br>EP1_CNT0     | <b>Addr (0, Hex)</b><br>40 | Access<br># | Name      | Addr (0, Hex)<br>80 | Access | Name             | Addr (0, Hex)                           | Access |
| PRTOIE         | 00               | RW           | EP1_CNT0<br>EP1_CNT1 | 40                         | #<br>RW     |           | 81                  |        |                  | C0<br>C1                                |        |
| FICTUL         | 01               | 1700         | EP2 CNT0             | 41                         | #           |           | 82                  |        |                  | C1<br>C2                                |        |
|                | 02               |              | EP2_CNT0<br>EP2_CNT1 | 42                         | #<br>RW     |           | 83                  |        |                  | C3                                      |        |
| PRT1DR         | 03               | RW           | EP3_CNT0             | 43                         | #           |           | 84                  |        |                  | C4                                      |        |
| PRT1IE         | 04               | RW           | EP3_CNT1             | 45                         | #<br>RW     |           | 85                  |        | -                | C5                                      |        |
|                | 06               | 1.00         | EP4_CNT0             | 46                         | #           |           | 86                  |        | -                | C6                                      |        |
|                | 00               |              | EP4_CNT1             | 40                         | #<br>RW     |           | 87                  |        | -                | C7                                      |        |
| PRT2DR         | 08               | RW           | EP5 CNT0             | 48                         | #           |           | 88                  |        | I2C_XCFG         | C8                                      | RW     |
| PRT2IE         | 00               | RW           | EP5_CNT1             | 40                         | #<br>RW     |           | 89                  |        | I2C_XSTAT        | C9                                      | R      |
|                | 09<br>0A         | 1.00         | EP6_CNT0             | 43<br>4A                   | #           |           | 8A                  |        | I2C_ADDR         | CA                                      | RW     |
|                | 0A<br>0B         |              | EP6_CNT1             | 4B                         | #<br>RW     |           | 8B                  |        | I2C BP           | CB                                      | R      |
| PRT3DR         | 00               | RW           | EP7_CNT0             | 4D<br>4C                   | #           |           | 8C                  |        | 12C_CP           | CC                                      | R      |
| PRT3IE         | 00<br>0D         | RW           | EP7_CNT1             | 40<br>4D                   | #<br>RW     |           | 8D                  |        | CPU_BP           | CD                                      | RW     |
|                | 0E               | 1.00         | EP8_CNT0             | 4D<br>4E                   | #           |           | 8E                  |        | CPU_CP           | CE                                      | R      |
|                | 0E<br>0F         |              | EP8 CNT1             | 4E<br>4F                   | #<br>RW     |           | 8F                  |        | I2C BUF          | CF                                      | RW     |
| PRT4DR         | 10               | RW           |                      | 50                         | 1.1.1       |           | 90                  |        | CUR PP           | D0                                      | RW     |
| PRT4IE         | 10               | RW           | -                    | 51                         |             |           | 91                  |        | STK_PP           | D0                                      | RW     |
|                | 12               | 1.00         |                      | 52                         |             |           | 92                  |        | STK_FF           | D1<br>D2                                | 1110   |
|                | 12               |              |                      | 53                         |             |           | 93                  |        | IDX PP           | D2<br>D3                                | RW     |
|                | 13               |              |                      | 53                         |             |           | 93                  |        | MVR PP           | D3<br>D4                                | RW     |
|                | 14               |              |                      | 55                         |             |           | 94                  |        | MVR_PP<br>MVW_PP | D4<br>D5                                | RW     |
|                | 15               |              |                      | 56                         |             |           | 96                  |        | I2C_CFG          | D5                                      | RW     |
|                | 16               |              |                      | 50                         |             |           | 96                  |        | I2C_CFG          | D6<br>D7                                | #      |
|                | 17               |              | PMA0_DR              | 58                         | RW          |           | 97                  |        | 12C_3CK          | D7<br>D8                                | RW     |
|                | 10               |              | PMA0_DR              | 59                         | RW          |           | 90                  |        | 120_DIX          | D8                                      | 1110   |
|                | 19<br>1A         |              | PMA1_DR              | 59<br>5A                   | RW          |           | 99<br>9A            |        | INT_CLR0         | D9                                      | RW     |
|                | 1A<br>1B         |              | PMA2_DR              | 5A<br>5B                   | RW          |           | 9A<br>9B            |        | INT_CLR1         | DA                                      | RW     |
|                | 1D<br>1C         |              | PMA3_DR              | 5C                         | RW          |           | 9D<br>9C            |        | INT_CLR2         | DDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDD | RW     |
|                | 10<br>1D         |              | PMA4_DR<br>PMA5_DR   | 5D                         | RW          |           | 90<br>9D            |        |                  | DD                                      | IXVV   |
|                | 1D<br>1E         |              | PMA5_DR              | 5E                         | RW          |           | 9D<br>9E            |        | INT_MSK2         | DD                                      | RW     |
|                | 1E<br>1F         |              | PMA0_DR              | 5E                         | RW          |           | 9E<br>9F            |        | INT_MSK1         | DE                                      | RW     |
|                | 20               |              |                      | 60                         | 1           |           | A0                  |        | INT MSK0         | E0                                      | RW     |
|                | 20               |              |                      | 61                         |             |           | A0 A1               |        | INT_SW_EN        | E1                                      | RW     |
|                | 22               |              |                      | 62                         |             |           | A2                  |        | INT VC           | E2                                      | RC     |
|                | 23               |              |                      | 63                         |             |           | A3                  |        | RES_WDT          | E3                                      | W      |
|                | 24               |              | PMA8 DR              | 64                         | RW          |           | A4                  |        | ILEO_WD1         | E4                                      | **     |
|                | 25               |              | PMA9 DR              | 65                         | RW          |           | A5                  |        |                  | E5                                      |        |
|                | 26               |              | PMA10 DR             | 66                         | RW          |           | A6                  |        |                  | E6                                      |        |
|                | 27               |              | PMA11_DR             | 67                         | RW          |           | A7                  |        |                  | E7                                      |        |
|                | 28               |              | PMA12 DR             | 68                         | RW          |           | A8                  |        |                  | E8                                      |        |
| SPI_TXR        | 29               | W            | PMA13_DR             | 69                         | RW          |           | A9                  |        |                  | E9                                      |        |
| SPI RXR        | 2A               | R            | PMA14_DR             | 6A                         | RW          |           | AA                  |        |                  | EA                                      |        |
| SPI CR         | 2B               | #            | PMA15 DR             | 6B                         | RW          |           | AB                  |        |                  | EB                                      |        |
|                | 2C               | "            | TMP DR0              | 6C                         | RW          |           | AC                  |        |                  | EC                                      |        |
|                | 2D               |              | TMP_DR1              | 6D                         | RW          |           | AD                  |        |                  | ED                                      |        |
|                | 2E               |              | TMP_DR2              | 6E                         | RW          |           | AE                  |        |                  | EE                                      |        |
|                | 2F               |              | TMP_DR3              | 6F                         | RW          |           | AF                  |        |                  | EF                                      |        |
|                | 30               |              | 2                    | 70                         |             | PT0 CFG   | B0                  | RW     |                  | F0                                      |        |
| USB SOF0       | 31               | R            |                      | 71                         |             | PT0 DATA1 | B1                  | RW     |                  | F1                                      |        |
| USB SOF1       | 32               | R            |                      | 72                         |             | PT0 DATA0 | B2                  | RW     |                  | F2                                      |        |
| USB CR0        | 33               | RW           |                      | 73                         |             | PT1 CFG   | B3                  | RW     |                  | F3                                      |        |
| USBIO CR0      | 34               | #            |                      | 74                         |             | PT1 DATA1 | B4                  | RW     |                  | F4                                      |        |
| USBIO CR1      | 35               | #            |                      | 75                         |             | PT1 DATA0 | B5                  | RW     |                  | F5                                      |        |
| EP0_CR         | 36               | #            |                      | 76                         |             | PT2 CFG   | B6                  | RW     |                  | F6                                      |        |
| EP0 CNT0       | 37               | #            |                      | 77                         |             | PT2 DATA1 | B7                  | RW     | CPU F            | F7                                      | RL     |
| EP0 DR0        | 38               | RW           |                      | 78                         |             | PT2 DATA0 | B8                  | RW     |                  | F8                                      |        |
| EP0 DR1        | 39               | RW           |                      | 79                         |             |           | B9                  |        |                  | F9                                      |        |
| EP0 DR2        | 3A               | RW           |                      | 7A                         |             |           | BA                  |        |                  | FA                                      |        |
| EP0 DR3        | 3B               | RW           |                      | 7B                         |             |           | BB                  |        |                  | FB                                      |        |
| EP0 DR4        | 3C               | RW           |                      | 7C                         |             |           | BC                  |        |                  | FC                                      |        |
| EP0 DR5        | 3D               | RW           |                      | 70<br>7D                   |             |           | BD                  |        |                  | FD                                      |        |
| EP0 DR6        | 3E               | RW           |                      | 7E                         |             |           | BE                  |        | CPU SCR1         | FE                                      | #      |
| EP0 DR7        | 3F               | RW           |                      | 7E<br>7F                   |             |           | BF                  |        | CPU_SCR0         | FF                                      | #      |
| _              | e reserved; do i |              | la a a Galala        | # Access is bit            |             |           |                     |        |                  |   |        |



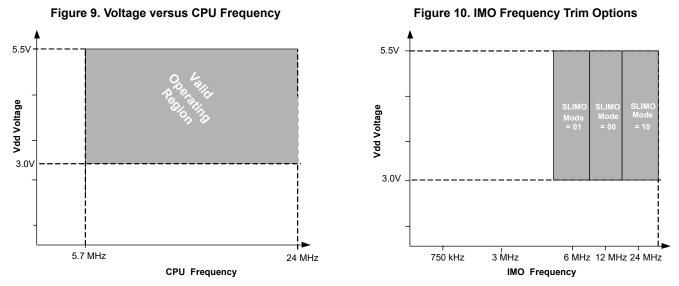
#### Table 3. Register Map Bank 1 Table: Configuration Space

|         |               |                | Table: Conf |                |    |             |                |        |           |                |          |
|---------|---------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|----|-------------|----------------|--------|-----------|----------------|----------|
| Name    | Addr (1, Hex) |                |             | Addr (1, Hex)  |    | Name        | Addr (1, Hex)  | Access | Name      | Addr (1, Hex   | ) Access |
| PRT0DM0 | 00            | RW             | PMA4_RA     | 40             | RW |             | 80             |        |           | C0             |          |
| PRT0DM1 | 01            | RW             | PMA5_RA     | 41             | RW |             | 81             |        |           | C1             |          |
|         | 02            |                | PMA6_RA     | 42             | RW |             | 82             |        |           | C2             |          |
|         | 03            |                | PMA7_RA     | 43             | RW |             | 83             |        |           | C3             |          |
| PRT1DM0 | 04            | RW             | PMA8_WA     | 44             | RW |             | 84             |        |           | C4             | 4        |
| PRT1DM1 | 05            | RW             | PMA9_WA     | 45             | RW |             | 85             |        |           | C5             |          |
|         | 06            |                | PMA10_WA    | 46             | RW |             | 86             |        |           | C6             |          |
|         | 07            |                | PMA11_WA    | 47             | RW |             | 87             |        |           | C7             |          |
| PRT2DM0 | 08            | RW             | PMA12_WA    | 48             | RW |             | 88             |        |           | C8             |          |
| PRT2DM1 | 09            | RW             | PMA13_WA    | 49             | RW |             | 89             |        |           | C9             |          |
|         | 0A            |                | PMA14_WA    | 4A             | RW |             | 8A             |        |           | CA             |          |
|         | 0B            |                | PMA15_WA    | 4B             | RW |             | 8B             |        |           | CB             |          |
| PRT3DM0 | 0C            | RW             | PMA8_RA     | 4C             | RW |             | 8C             |        |           | CC             |          |
| PRT3DM1 | 0D            | RW             | PMA9_RA     | 4D             | RW |             | 8D             |        |           | CD             |          |
|         | 0E            |                | PMA10 RA    | 4E             | RW |             | 8E             |        |           | CE             |          |
|         | 0F            |                | PMA11 RA    | 4F             | RW |             | 8F             |        |           | CF             |          |
| PRT4DM0 | 10            | RW             | PMA12 RA    | 50             | RW |             | 90             |        | -         | D0             |          |
| PRT4DM1 | 11            | RW             | PMA13 RA    | 51             | RW |             | 91             |        |           | D1             |          |
|         | 12            |                | PMA14_RA    | 52             | RW |             | 92             |        | ECO ENBUS | D2             | RW       |
| -       | 13            |                | PMA15 RA    | 53             | RW |             | 93             |        | ECO_TRIM  | D2<br>D3       | RW       |
|         | 13            |                | EP1 CR0     | 53<br>54       | #  |             | 93             |        |           | D3             | 1.1.1    |
|         |               |                | _           |                |    |             |                |        |           |                |          |
|         | 15            |                | EP2_CR0     | 55             | #  |             | 95             |        |           | D5             |          |
|         | 16            |                | EP3_CR0     | 56             | #  |             | 96             |        |           | D6             |          |
|         | 17            |                | EP4_CR0     | 57             | #  |             | 97             |        | MUN CES   | D7             | DIA      |
|         | 18            |                | EP5_CR0     | 58             | #  |             | 98             |        | MUX_CR0   | D8             | RW       |
|         | 19            |                | EP6_CRO     | 59             | #  |             | 99             |        | MUX_CR1   | D9             | RW       |
|         | 1A            |                | EP7_CR0     | 5A             | #  |             | 9A             |        | MUX_CR2   | DA             | RW       |
|         | 1B            |                | EP8_CR0     | 5B             | #  |             | 9B             |        | MUX_CR3   | DB             | RW       |
|         | 1C            |                |             | 5C             |    |             | 9C             |        | IO_CFG1   | DC             | RW       |
|         | 1D            |                |             | 5D             |    |             | 9D             |        | OUT_P1    | DD             | RW       |
|         | 1E            |                |             | 5E             |    |             | 9E             |        | IO_CFG2   | DE             | RW       |
|         | 1F            |                |             | 5F             |    |             | 9F             |        | MUX_CR4   | DF             | RW       |
|         | 20            |                |             | 60             |    |             | A0             |        | OSC_CR0   | E0             | RW       |
|         | 21            |                |             | 61             |    |             | A1             |        | ECO_CFG   | E1             | #        |
|         | 22            |                |             | 62             |    |             | A2             |        | OSC CR2   | E2             | RW       |
|         | 23            |                |             | 63             |    |             | A3             |        | VLT CR    | E3             | RW       |
|         | 24            |                |             | 64             |    |             | A4             |        | VLT CMP   | E4             | R        |
|         | 25            |                |             | 65             |    |             | A5             |        |           | E5             |          |
|         | 26            |                |             | 66             |    |             | A6             |        |           | E6             |          |
|         | 20            |                |             | 67             |    |             | A7             |        |           | E7             | -        |
| -       | 28            |                |             | 68             |    |             | A8             |        | IMO TR    | E8             | W        |
| SPI CFG | 29            | RW             |             | 69             |    |             | A0<br>A9       |        | ILO TR    | E9             | W        |
| SFI_CFG | 29<br>2A      | RVV            |             | 6A             |    |             | A9             |        |           | EA             | vv       |
|         |               |                |             |                |    |             |                |        |           |                |          |
|         | 2B            |                |             | 6B             |    |             | AB             |        | SLP_CFG   | EB             | RW       |
|         | 2C            |                | TMP_DR0     | 6C             | RW |             | AC             |        | SLP_CFG2  | EC             | RW       |
|         | 2D            |                | TMP_DR1     | 6D             | RW |             | AD             |        | SLP_CFG3  | ED             | RW       |
|         | 2E            |                | TMP_DR2     | 6E             | RW |             | AE             |        |           | EE             |          |
|         | 2F            |                | TMP_DR3     | 6F             | RW |             | AF             |        |           | EF             |          |
| USB_CR1 | 30            | #              |             | 70             |    |             | B0             |        |           | F0             |          |
|         | 31            |                |             | 71             |    |             | B1             |        |           | F1             |          |
|         | 32            |                |             | 72             |    |             | B2             |        |           | F2             |          |
|         | 33            |                |             | 73             |    |             | B3             |        |           | F3             |          |
| PMA0_WA | 34            | RW             |             | 74             |    |             | B4             |        |           | F4             |          |
| PMA1_WA | 35            | RW             |             | 75             |    |             | B5             |        |           | F5             |          |
| PMA2_WA | 36            | RW             |             | 76             |    |             | B6             |        |           | F6             |          |
| PMA3_WA | 37            | RW             |             | 77             |    |             | B7             |        | CPU_F     | F7             | RL       |
| PMA4_WA | 38            | RW             |             | 78             |    |             | B8             |        |           | F8             |          |
| PMA5 WA | 39            | RW             |             | 79             |    |             | B9             |        |           | F9             |          |
| PMA6_WA | 3A            | RW             |             | 7A             |    |             | BA             |        | IMO TR1   | FA             | RW       |
| PMA7 WA | 3B            | RW             |             | 7B             |    |             | BB             |        |           | FB             | 1        |
| _       | 3D<br>3C      | RW             |             | 7D<br>7C       |    |             | BC             |        |           | FC             |          |
|         |               | 1748           |             |                |    |             |                | DIA/   | -         |                |          |
| PMA0_RA |               | D\\/           |             | 70             |    |             | BU             |        |           | ED .           |          |
| PMA1_RA | 3D            | RW             |             | 7D<br>7E       |    | USB_MISC_CR | BD             | RW     |           | FD             |          |
|         |               | RW<br>RW<br>RW |             | 7D<br>7E<br>7F |    | USB_MISC_CR | BD<br>BE<br>BF | RW     |           | FD<br>FE<br>FF |          |



# **Electrical Specifications**

This section presents the DC and AC electrical specifications of the enCoRe V USB devices. For the most up-to-date electrical specifications, verify that you have the most recent data sheet available by visiting the company web site at http://www.cypress.com





### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Exceeding maximum ratings may shorten the useful life of the device. User guidelines are not tested.

#### Table 4. Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Symbol            | Description                         | Conditions  | Min            | Тур | Max                   | Units |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|---|----------------|-----|-----------------------|-------|
| T <sub>STG</sub>  | Storage temperature <sup>[10]</sup> | Higher storage temperatures reduces data<br>retention time. Recommended Storage<br>Temperature is +25 °C ± 25 °C. Extended<br>duration storage temperatures above 85°C<br>degrades reliability. | -55            | +25 | +125                  | °C    |
| V <sub>DD</sub>   | Supply voltage relative to $V_{SS}$ |   | -0.5           | Ι   | +6.0                  | V     |
| V <sub>IO</sub>   | DC input voltage                    |   | $V_{SS} - 0.5$ | -   | V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.5 | V     |
| V <sub>IOZ</sub>  | DC voltage applied to tristate      |   | $V_{SS} - 0.5$ |     | V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.5 | V     |
| I <sub>MIO</sub>  | Maximum current into any port pin   |   | -25            | Ι   | +50                   | mA    |
| ESD               | Electrostatic discharge voltage     | Human body model ESD  | 2000           | -   | -                     | V     |
| LU <sup>[8]</sup> | Latch up current                    | In accordance with JESD78 standard  | _              | -   | 200                   | mA    |

#### **Operating Temperature**

#### Table 5. Operating Temperature

| Symbol          | Description   | Conditions   | Min | Тур | Max  | Units |
|-----------------|---|--|-----|-----|------|-------|
| T <sub>AI</sub> | Ambient industrial temperature                            |  | -40 | -   | +85  | °C    |
| T <sub>AC</sub> | Ambient commercial temperature                            |  | 0   | -   | +70  | °C    |
| T <sub>JI</sub> | Operational industrial die<br>temperature <sup>[11]</sup> | The temperature rise from ambient to junction<br>is package specific. Refer the table Thermal<br>Impedances per Package on page 32. The<br>user must limit the power consumption to<br>comply with this requirement. | -40 | -   | +100 | °C    |
| T <sub>JC</sub> | Operational commercial die<br>temperature                 | The temperature rise from ambient to junction<br>is package specific. Refer the table Thermal<br>Impedances per Package on page 32. The<br>user must limit the power consumption to<br>comply with this requirement. | 0   | -   | +85  | °C    |

Notes

When V<sub>DD</sub> remains in the range from 1.71 V to 1.9 V for more than 50 µsec, the slew rate when moving from the 1.71 V to 1.9 V range to greater than 2 V must be slower than 1 V/500 µsec to avoid triggering POR. The only other restriction on slew rates for any other voltage range or transition is the SRPOWER\_UP parameter.

Errata: For Port 1 pins P1[1], P1[4], and P1[5] 300 Ohm external resistor is needed to meet this spec. Refer to "Errata" on page 36 for more details.
 If powering down in standby sleep mode, to properly detect and recover from a V<sub>DD</sub> brown out condition any of the following actions must be taken:

• Bring the device out of sleep before powering down.

Assure that  $V_{DD}$  falls below 100 mV before powering back up.

Set the No Buzz bit in the OSC\_CR0 register to keep the voltage monitoring circuit powered during sleep.

Increase the buzz rate to assure that the falling edge of  $V_{DD}$  is captured. The rate is configured through the PSSDC bits in the SLP\_CFG register. For the referenced registers, refer to the enCoRe V Technical Reference Manual. In deep sleep mode, additional low power voltage monitoring circuitry allows  $V_{DD}$  brown out conditions to be detected for edge rates slower than 1 V/ms.



# **DC Electrical Characteristics**

#### DC Chip Level Specifications

Table 6 lists guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the entire voltage and temperature ranges.

#### Table 6. DC Chip Level Specifications

| Symbol              | Description                                    | Conditions  | Min  | Тур | Мах  | Units |
|---------------------|--|---|------|-----|------|-------|
| V <sub>DD</sub>     | Operating voltage <sup>[7, 9]</sup>            | No USB activity.  | 3.0  | _   | 5.5  | V     |
| I <sub>DD24,3</sub> | Supply current, CPU = 24 MHz                   | Conditions are $V_{DD}$ = 3.0 V, $T_A$ = 25 °C,<br>CPU = 24 MHz,<br>No USB/I <sup>2</sup> C/SPI.                                      | -    | 2.9 | 4.0  | mA    |
| I <sub>DD12,3</sub> | Supply current, CPU = 12 MHz                   | Conditions are $V_{DD}$ = 3.0 V, $T_A$ = 25 °C,<br>CPU = 12 MHz,<br>No USB/I <sup>2</sup> C/SPI.                                      | -    | 1.7 | 2.6  | mA    |
| I <sub>DD6,3</sub>  | Supply current, CPU = 6 MHz                    | Conditions are $V_{DD}$ = 3.0 V, $T_A$ = 25 °C,<br>CPU = 6 MHz,<br>No USB/I <sup>2</sup> C/SPI.                                       | -    | 1.2 | 1.8  | mA    |
| I <sub>SB1,3</sub>  | Standby current with POR, LVD, and sleep timer | $V_{DD}$ = 3.0 V, $T_A$ = 25 °C, I/O regulator turned off.  | -    | 1.1 | 1.5  | μA    |
| I <sub>SB0,3</sub>  | Deep sleep current                             | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, I/O regulator<br>turned off.   | -    | 0.1 | -    | μA    |
| V <sub>DDUSB</sub>  | Operating voltage                              | USB activity, USB regulator enabled   | 4.35 | -   | 5.25 | V     |
| I <sub>DD24,5</sub> | Supply current, CPU = 24 MHz                   | Conditions are V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.0 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C,<br>CPU = 24 MHz, IMO = 24 MHz<br>USB Active, No I <sup>2</sup> C/SPI. | -    | 7.1 | -    | mA    |
| I <sub>DD12,5</sub> | Supply current, CPU = 12 MHz                   | Conditions are $V_{DD}$ = 5.0 V, $T_A$ = 25 °C,<br>CPU = 12 MHz, IMO = 24 MHz<br>USB Active, No I <sup>2</sup> C/SPI.                 | -    | 6.2 | _    | mA    |
| I <sub>DD6,5</sub>  | Supply current, CPU = 6 MHz                    | Conditions are V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.0 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C,<br>CPU = 6 MHz, IMO = 24 MHz<br>USB Active, No I <sup>2</sup> C/SPI   | -    | 5.8 | -    | mA    |
| I <sub>SB1,5</sub>  | Standby current with POR, LVD, and sleep timer | V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.0 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, I/O regulator<br>turned off.   | -    | 1.1 | -    | μA    |
| I <sub>SB0,5</sub>  | Deep sleep current                             | V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.0 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, I/O regulator<br>turned off.   | -    | 0.1 | -    | μA    |
| V <sub>DDUSB</sub>  | Operating voltage                              | USB activity, USB regulator bypassed  | 3.15 | 3.3 | 3.60 | V     |

Notes

11. The temperature rise from ambient to junction is package specific. See Package Handling on page 32. The user must limit the power consumption to comply with this requirement.

<sup>10.</sup> Higher storage temperatures reduce data retention time. Recommended storage temperature is +25 °C ± 25 °C. Extended duration storage temperatures above 85 °C degrade reliability.



# Table 7. DC Characteristics – USB Interface

| Symbol | Description                          | Conditions                  | Min   | Тур  | Max   | Units |
|--------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|------|-------|-------|
| Rusbi  | USB D+ pull-up resistance            | With idle bus               | 0.900 | -    | 1.575 | kΩ    |
| Rusba  | USB D+ pull-up resistance            | While receiving traffic     | 1.425 | -    | 3.090 | kΩ    |
| Vohusb | Static output high                   |                             | 2.8   | -    | 3.6   | V     |
| Volusb | Static output low                    |                             | -     | -    | 0.3   | V     |
| Vdi    | Differential input sensitivity       |                             | 0.2   | -    | -     | V     |
| Vcm    | Differential input common mode range |                             | 0.8   | -    | 2.5   | V     |
| Vse    | Single-ended receiver threshold      |                             | 0.8   | -    | 2.0   | V     |
| Cin    | Transceiver capacitance              |                             |       | -    | 50    | pF    |
| lio    | High Z state data Line Leakage       | On D+ or D– line            | -10   | -    | +10   | μA    |
| Rps2   | PS/2 Pull Up Resistance              |                             | 3     | 5    | 7     | kΩ    |
| Rext   | External USB Series Resistor         | In series with each USB pin | 21.78 | 22.0 | 22.22 | Ω     |

#### ADC Electrical Specifications

# Table 8. ADC User Module Electrical Specifications

| Symbol                 | Description                  | Conditions   | Min                      | Тур                      | Max                      | Units |
|------------------------|------------------------------|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------|
| Input                  |                              |  |                          |                          |                          |       |
| V <sub>IN</sub>        | Input voltage range          |  | 0                        | -                        | VREFADC                  | V     |
| C <sub>IIN</sub>       | Input capacitance            |  | -                        | -                        | 5                        | pF    |
| R <sub>IN</sub>        | Input resistance             | Equivalent switched cap input resistance for 8-, 9-, or 10-bit resolution                      | 1/(500fF*<br>Data Clock) | 1/(400fF*<br>Data Clock) | 1/(300fF*<br>Data Clock) | Ω     |
| Reference              |                              | I  | 1                        | 1                        | I                        | 1     |
| V <sub>REFADC</sub>    | ADC reference voltage        |  | 1.14                     | -                        | 1.26                     | V     |
| <b>Conversion Rate</b> | )                            |  |                          | 1                        |                          |       |
| F <sub>CLK</sub>       | Data clock                   | Source is chip's internal main<br>oscillator. See AC Chip-Level<br>Specifications for accuracy | 2.25                     | _                        | 6                        | MHz   |
| S8                     | 8-bit sample rate            | Data Clock set to 6 MHz.<br>Sample Rate = 0.001/<br>(2^Resolution/Data Clock)                  | -                        | 23.4375                  | _                        | ksps  |
| S10                    | 10-bit sample rate           | Data Clock set to 6 MHz.<br>Sample Rate = 0.001/<br>(2^Resolution/Data Clock)                  | _                        | 5.859                    | _                        | ksps  |
| DC Accuracy            |                              |  |                          | 1                        |                          |       |
| RES                    | Resolution                   | Can be set to 8-, 9-, or 10-bit  | 8                        | -                        | 10                       | bits  |
| DNL                    | Differential nonlinearity    |  | -1                       | _                        | +2                       | LSB   |
| INL                    | Integral nonlinearity        |  | -2                       | _                        | +2                       | LSB   |
| E <sub>Offset</sub>    | Offset error                 | 8-bit resolution   | 0                        | 3.2                      | 19.2                     | LSB   |
|                        |                              | 10-bit resolution  | 0                        | 12.8                     | 76.8                     | LSB   |
| E <sub>gain</sub>      | Gain error                   | For any resolution   | -5                       | -                        | +5                       | %FSR  |
| Power                  |                              |  |                          |                          |                          |       |
| I <sub>ADC</sub>       | Operating current            |  | -                        | 2.1                      | 2.6                      | mA    |
| PSRR                   | Power supply rejection ratio | PSRR (V <sub>DD</sub> > 3.0 V)   | -                        | 24                       | -                        | dB    |
|                        |                              | PSRR (V <sub>DD</sub> < 3.0 V)   | _                        | 30                       | -                        | dB    |



### DC General Purpose I/O Specifications

Table 9 lists guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges: 3.0 V to 5.5 V and package specific temperature range. Typical parameters apply to 5 V and 3.3 V at 25 °C. These are for design guidance only.

| Table 9. | 3.0 V and 5. | 5 V DC GPIO | Specifications |
|----------|--------------|-------------|----------------|
|----------|--------------|-------------|----------------|

| Symbol            | Description  | Conditions   | Min                   | Тур   | Max  | Units |
|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------|-------|------|-------|
| R <sub>PU</sub>   | Pull-up resistor   |  | 4                     | 5.6   | 8    | kΩ    |
| V <sub>OH1</sub>  | High output voltage<br>Port 2 or 3 pins                                      | $I_{OH} \le 10 \ \mu$ A, maximum of 10 mA source current in all I/Os.  | V <sub>DD</sub> -0.2  | -     | -    | V     |
| V <sub>OH2</sub>  | High output voltage<br>Port 2 or 3 Pins                                      | I <sub>OH</sub> = 1 mA, maximum of 20 mA source current in all I/Os.   | V <sub>DD</sub> – 0.9 | 1     | _    | V     |
| V <sub>OH3</sub>  | High output voltage<br>Port 0 or 1 pins with LDO regulator<br>disabled       | $I_{OH}$ < 10 µA, maximum of 10 mA source current in all I/Os.   | V <sub>DD</sub> -0.2  | -     | _    | V     |
| V <sub>OH4</sub>  | High output voltage<br>Port 0 or 1 pins with LDO regulator<br>disabled       | I <sub>OH</sub> = 5 mA, maximum of 20 mA source<br>current in all I/Os.  | V <sub>DD</sub> – 0.9 | _     | -    | V     |
| V <sub>OH5</sub>  | High output voltage<br>Port 1 pins with LDO regulator enabled<br>for 3 V Out | I <sub>OH</sub> < 10 μA, V <sub>DD</sub> > 3.1 V, maximum of<br>4 I/Os all sourcing 5 mA   | 2.85                  | 3.00  | 3.3  | V     |
| V <sub>OH6</sub>  | High output voltage<br>Port 1 pins with LDO regulator enabled<br>for 3 V out | I <sub>OH</sub> = 5 mA, V <sub>DD</sub> > 3.1 V, maximum of<br>20 mA source current in all I/Os  | 2.20                  | _     | -    | V     |
| V <sub>OH7</sub>  | High output voltage<br>Port 1 pins with LDO enabled for 2.5 V<br>out         | $I_{OH}$ < 10 $\mu$ A, V <sub>DD</sub> > 3.0 V, maximum of 20 mA source current in all I/Os  | 2.35                  | 2.50  | 2.75 | V     |
| V <sub>OH8</sub>  | High output voltage<br>Port 1 pins with LDO enabled for 2.5 V<br>out         | I <sub>OH</sub> = 2 mA, V <sub>DD</sub> > 3.0 V, maximum of<br>20 mA source current in all I/Os  | 1.90                  | _     | -    | V     |
| V <sub>OH9</sub>  | High output voltage<br>Port 1 pins with LDO enabled for 1.8 V<br>out         | $I_{OH}$ < 10 $\mu$ A, V <sub>DD</sub> > 3.0 V, maximum of 20 mA source current in all I/Os  | 1.60                  | 1.80  | 2.1  | V     |
| V <sub>OH10</sub> | High output voltage<br>Port 1 pins with LDO enabled for 1.8 V<br>out         | I <sub>OH</sub> = 1 mA, V <sub>DD</sub> > 3.0 V, maximum of<br>20 mA source current in all I/Os  | 1.20                  | _     | _    | V     |
| V <sub>OL</sub>   | Low output voltage   | $I_{OL}$ = 25 mA, $V_{DD}$ > 3.3 V, maximum of<br>60 mA sink current on even port pins<br>(for example, P0[2] and P1[4]) and 60<br>mA sink current on odd port pins (for<br>example, P0[3] and P1[5]). | -                     | -     | 0.75 | V     |
| V <sub>IL</sub>   | Input low voltage  |  | -                     | _     | 0.8  | V     |
| V <sub>IH</sub>   | Input high voltage   |  | 2.0                   | —     | -    | V     |
| V <sub>H</sub>    | Input hysteresis voltage   |  | -                     | 80    | -    | mV    |
| ۱ <sub>IL</sub>   | Input leakage (absolute value)   |  | -                     | 0.001 | 1    | μA    |
| C <sub>PIN</sub>  | Pin capacitance  | Package and pin dependent.<br>Temp = 25 °C.  | 0.5                   | 1.7   | 5    | pF    |



# DC POR and LVD Specifications

Table 10 lists guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the entire voltage and temperature ranges.

#### Table 10. DC POR and LVD Specifications

| Symbol   | Description  | Conditions | Min                                   | Тур                                    | Max                                    | Units |
|--|--|------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|-------|
| V <sub>PPOR</sub>  | V <sub>DD</sub> value for PPOR trip <sup>[12]</sup><br>PORLEV[1:0] = 10b   |            | _                                     | 2.82                                   | 2.95                                   | V     |
| VLVD0<br>VLVD1<br>VLVD2<br>VLVD3<br>VLVD4<br>VLVD5<br>VLVD6<br>VLVD7 | $\begin{array}{l} V_{DD} \text{ value for LVD trip} \\ VM[2:0] = 000b \\ VM[2:0] = 001b \\ VM[2:0] = 010b \\ VM[2:0] = 011b \\ VM[2:0] = 100b \\ VM[2:0] = 101b \\ VM[2:0] = 101b \\ VM[2:0] = 110b \\ VM[2:0] = 111b \end{array}$ |            | -<br>2.85<br>2.95<br>3.06<br><br>4.62 | -<br>2.92<br>3.02<br>3.13<br>-<br>4.73 | -<br>2.99<br>3.09<br>3.20<br>-<br>4.83 |       |

#### DC Programming Specifications

Table 11 lists guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the entire voltage and temperature ranges.

#### Table 11. DC Programming Specifications

| Symbol                | Description   | Conditions  | Min                         | Тур | Max                         | Units  |
|-----------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------|
| V <sub>DDIWRITE</sub> | Supply voltage for flash write<br>operations  |   | 1.71                        | _   | 5.25                        | V      |
| I <sub>DDP</sub>      | Supply current during programming or verify   |   | _                           | 5   | 25                          | mA     |
| V <sub>ILP</sub>      | Input low voltage during<br>programming or verify   | See appropriate DC<br>General Purpose I/O<br>Specifications table | _                           | -   | V <sub>IL</sub>             | V      |
| V <sub>IHP</sub>      | Input high voltage during<br>programming or verify  |   | 1.71                        | -   | V <sub>DDIWRITE</sub> + 0.3 | V      |
| I <sub>ILP</sub>      | Input current when applying Vilp to P1[0] or P1[1] during programming or verify <sup>[13]</sup> |   | _                           | -   | 0.2                         | mA     |
| I <sub>IHP</sub>      | Input current when applying Vihp to P1[0] or P1[1] during programming or verify <sup>[13]</sup> |   | -                           | -   | 1.5                         | mA     |
| V <sub>OLP</sub>      | Output low voltage during<br>programming or verify  |   | _                           | _   | V <sub>SS</sub> + 0.75      | V      |
| V <sub>OHP</sub>      | Output high voltage during<br>programming or verify   |   | V <sub>DDIWRITE</sub> – 0.9 | -   | V <sub>DDIWRITE</sub>       | V      |
| Flash <sub>ENPB</sub> | Flash write endurance <sup>[14]</sup>   |   | 50,000                      | -   | -                           | Cycles |
| Flash <sub>DR</sub>   | Flash data retention <sup>[15]</sup>  |   | 10                          | 20  | -                           | Years  |

#### Notes

- 12. Always greater than 50 mV above  $V_{PPOR}$  (PORLEV = 10) for falling supply.
- 13. Driving internal pull down resistor.
- 14. Erase/write cycles per block.
- 15. Following maximum Flash write cycles at Tamb = 55 °C and Tj = 70 °C.



# **AC Electrical Characteristics**

#### AC Chip Level Specifications

The following tables list guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the entire voltage and temperature ranges.

#### Table 12. AC Chip Level Specifications

| Symbol                 | Description  | Conditions                       | Min  | Тур | Max  | Units |
|------------------------|--|----------------------------------|------|-----|------|-------|
| F <sub>CPU</sub>       | Processing frequency <sup>[16]</sup>                                     |                                  | 5.7  | _   | 25.2 | MHz   |
| F <sub>32K1</sub>      | Internal low-speed oscillator (ILO) frequency                            | Trimmed <sup>[17]</sup>          | 19   | 32  | 50   | kHz   |
| F <sub>32K U</sub>     | ILO untrimmed frequency)   |                                  | 13   | 32  | 82   | kHz   |
| F <sub>32K2</sub>      | ILO frequency  | Untrimmed                        | 13   | 32  | 82   | kHz   |
| F <sub>IMO24</sub>     | Internal main oscillator (IMO) stability for 24 MHz ± 5% <sup>(12)</sup> |                                  | 22.8 | 24  | 25.2 | MHz   |
| F <sub>IMO12</sub>     | IMO stability for 12 MHz <sup>[17]</sup>                                 |                                  | 11.4 | 12  | 12.6 | MHz   |
| F <sub>IMO6</sub>      | IMO stability for 6 MHz <sup>[17]</sup>                                  |                                  | 5.7  | 6.0 | 6.3  | MHz   |
| DCIMO                  | Duty cycle of IMO  |                                  | 40   | 50  | 60   | %     |
| DC <sub>ILO</sub>      | ILO duty cycle   |                                  | 40   | 50  | 60   | %     |
| SR <sub>POWER_UP</sub> | Power supply slew rate   |                                  | -    | -   | 250  | V/ms  |
| T <sub>XRST</sub>      | External reset pulse width at power-up                                   | After supply voltage<br>is valid | 1    | -   | -    | ms    |
| T <sub>XRST2</sub>     | External reset pulse width after power-up <sup>[18]</sup>                | Applies after part has booted    | 10   | -   | _    | μs    |

#### Table 13. AC Characteristics – USB Data Timings

| Symbol | Description  | Conditions         | Min   | Тур | Max   | Units |
|--------|--|--------------------|-------|-----|-------|-------|
| Tdrate | Full speed data rate                                 | Average bit rate   | 11.97 | 12  | 12.03 | MHz   |
| Tdjr1  | Receiver data jitter tolerance                       | To next transition | -18.5 | -   | 18.5  | ns    |
| Tdjr2  | Receiver data jitter tolerance                       | To pair transition | -9    | -   | 9     | ns    |
| Tudj1  | Driver differential jitter                           | To next transition | -3.5  | -   | 3.5   | ns    |
| Tudj2  | Driver differential jitter                           | To pair transition | -4.0  | -   | 4.0   | ns    |
| Tfdeop | Source jitter for differential transition            | To SE0 transition  | -2    | -   | 5     | ns    |
| Tfeopt | Source SE0 interval of EOP                           |                    | 160   | -   | 175   | ns    |
| Tfeopr | Receiver SE0 interval of EOP                         |                    | 82    | -   | -     | ns    |
| Tfst   | Width of SE0 interval during differential transition |                    | -     | -   | 14    | ns    |

# Table 14. AC Characteristics – USB Driver

| Symbol             | Description                     | Conditions | Min   | Тур | Max   | Units |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|------------|-------|-----|-------|-------|
| Tr                 | Transition rise time            | 50 pF      | 4     | -   | 20    | ns    |
| Tf                 | Transition fall time            | 50 pF      | 4     | -   | 20    | ns    |
| TR <sup>[19]</sup> | Rise/fall time matching         |            | 90.00 | -   | 111.1 | %     |
| Vcrs               | Output signal crossover voltage |            | 1.3   | _   | 2.0   | V     |

#### Notes

16. V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V and T<sub>J</sub> = 85 °C, CPU speed.
17. Trimmed for 3.3 V operation using factory trim values.
18. The minimum required XRES pulse length is longer when programming the device (see Table 17 on page 24).
19. Errata: Rising to falling rate matching of the USB D+ and D- lines has a corner case issue when operating voltage is below 3.3 V. Refer to "Errata" on page 36 for more details.



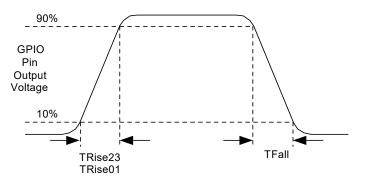
# AC General Purpose I/O Specifications

Table 15 lists guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the entire voltage and temperature ranges.

| Symbol            | Description                          | Conditions                                   | Min | Тур | Max | Units |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| F <sub>GPIO</sub> | GPIO operating frequency             | Normal strong mode,<br>Ports 0, 1            | -   | _   | 12  | MHz   |
| TRise23           | Rise time, strong mode<br>Ports 2, 3 | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 to 3.6 V,<br>10% - 90% | 15  | -   | 80  | ns    |
| TRise01           | Rise time, strong mode<br>Ports 0, 1 | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 to 3.6 V,<br>10% - 90% | 10  | -   | 50  | ns    |
| TFall             | Fall time, strong mode<br>All Ports  | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 to 3.6 V,<br>10% - 90% | 10  | -   | 50  | ns    |

#### Table 15. AC GPIO Specifications

Figure 11. GPIO Timing Diagram



#### AC External Clock Specifications

Table 16 lists guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the entire voltage and temperature ranges.

#### Table 16. AC External Clock Specifications

| Symbol  | Description            | Conditions | Min   | Тур | Max  | Units |
|---------|------------------------|------------|-------|-----|------|-------|
| FOSCEXT | Frequency              |            | 0.750 | -   | 25.2 | MHz   |
| -       | High period            |            | 20.6  | -   | 5300 | ns    |
| -       | Low period             |            | 20.6  | -   | -    | ns    |
| _       | Power-up IMO to switch |            | 150   | _   | _    | μs    |

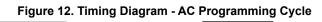


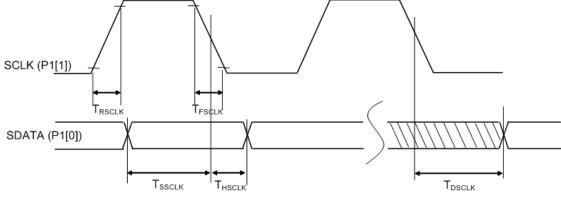
### AC Programming Specifications

Table 17 lists guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the entire voltage and temperature ranges.

# Table 17. AC Programming Specifications

| Symbol              | Description                               | Conditions  | Min | Тур | Max | Units |
|---------------------|---|---|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| T <sub>RSCLK</sub>  | Rise time of SCLK                         |   | 1   | -   | 20  | ns    |
| T <sub>FSCLK</sub>  | Fall time of SCLK                         |   | 1   | -   | 20  | ns    |
| T <sub>SSCLK</sub>  | Data setup time to falling edge of SCLK   |   | 40  | -   | -   | ns    |
| T <sub>HSCLK</sub>  | Data hold time from falling edge of SCLK  |   | 40  | -   | -   | ns    |
| F <sub>SCLK</sub>   | Frequency of SCLK                         |   | 0   | -   | 8   | MHz   |
| T <sub>ERASEB</sub> | Flash erase time (Block)                  |   | -   | -   | 18  | ms    |
| T <sub>WRITE</sub>  | Flash block write time                    |   | -   | -   | 25  | ms    |
| T <sub>DSCLK1</sub> | Data out delay from falling edge of SCLK, | V <sub>DD</sub> > 3.6 V                                     | -   | -   | 60  | ns    |
| T <sub>DSCLK2</sub> | Data out delay from falling edge of SCLK  | 3.0 V < V <sub>DD</sub> < 3.6 V                             | -   | -   | 85  | ns    |
| T <sub>XRST3</sub>  | External reset pulse width after power-up | Required to enter programming mode when coming out of sleep | 263 | -   | -   | μs    |







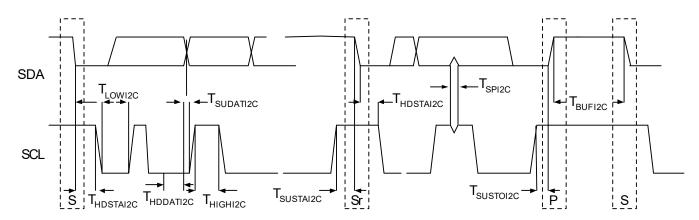
# AC I<sup>2</sup>C Specifications

Table 18 lists guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the entire voltage and temperature ranges.

| Table 18. AC Characteristics of the | e I <sup>2</sup> C SDA and SCL Pins |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|

| Symbol                | Description   | Standar | rd Mode | Fast                | Units |       |
|-----------------------|---|---------|---------|---------------------|-------|-------|
| Symbol                | Description   |         | Max     | Min                 | Max   | Units |
| F <sub>SCLI2C</sub>   | SCL clock frequency   | 0       | 100     | 0                   | 400   | kHz   |
| T <sub>HDSTAI2C</sub> | Hold time (repeated) START condition. After this period, the first clock pulse is generated | 4.0     | -       | 0.6                 | -     | μs    |
| T <sub>LOWI2C</sub>   | LOW period of the SCL clock   | 4.7     | -       | 1.3                 | -     | μs    |
| T <sub>HIGHI2C</sub>  | HIGH period of the SCL clock  | 4.0     | -       | 0.6                 | -     | μs    |
| T <sub>SUSTAI2C</sub> | Setup time for a repeated START condition   | 4.7     | -       | 0.6                 | -     | μs    |
| T <sub>HDDATI2C</sub> | Data hold time  | 0       | -       | 0                   | -     | μs    |
| T <sub>SUDATI2C</sub> | Data setup time   | 250     | -       | 100 <sup>[20]</sup> | -     | ns    |
| T <sub>SUSTOI2C</sub> | Setup time for STOP condition   | 4.0     | -       | 0.6                 | _     | μs    |
| T <sub>BUFI2C</sub>   | Bus free time between a STOP and START condition  | 4.7     | -       | 1.3                 | -     | μs    |
| T <sub>SPI2C</sub>    | Pulse width of spikes are suppressed by the input filter                                    | _       | _       | 0                   | 50    | ns    |

Figure 13. Definition of Timing for Fast/Standard Mode on the I<sup>2</sup>C Bus



#### Note

20. A Fast mode I<sup>2</sup>C bus device can be used in a standard mode I<sup>2</sup>C bus system, but the requirement t<sub>SUDAT</sub> ≥ 250 ns must then be met. This is automatically the case if the device does not stretch the LOW period of the SCL signal. If such device does stretch the LOW period of the SCL signal, it must output the next data bit to the SDA line t<sub>rmax</sub> + t<sub>SUDAT</sub> = 1000 + 250 = 1250 ns (according to the standard mode I<sup>2</sup>C bus specification) before the SCL line is released.



### Table 19. SPI Master AC Specifications

| Symbol               | Description             | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Units |
|----------------------|-------------------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| F <sub>SCLK</sub>    | SCLK clock frequency    |            | -   | -   | 6   | MHz   |
| DC                   | SCLK duty cycle         |            | -   | 50  | -   | %     |
| T <sub>SETUP</sub>   | MISO to SCLK setup time |            | 60  | -   | -   | ns    |
| T <sub>HOLD</sub>    | SCLK to MISO hold time  |            | 40  | -   | -   | ns    |
| T <sub>OUT_VAL</sub> | SCLK to MOSI valid time |            | -   | -   | 40  | ns    |
| T <sub>OUT_H</sub>   | SCLK to MOSI hold time  |            | 40  | _   | _   | ns    |

Figure 14. SPI Master Mode 0 and 2

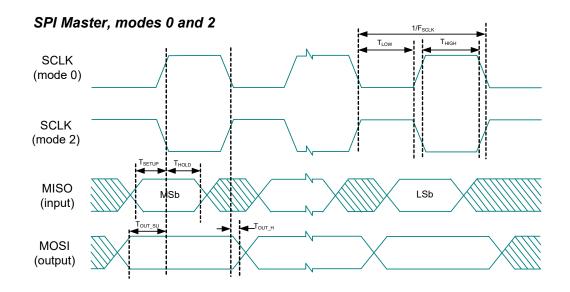
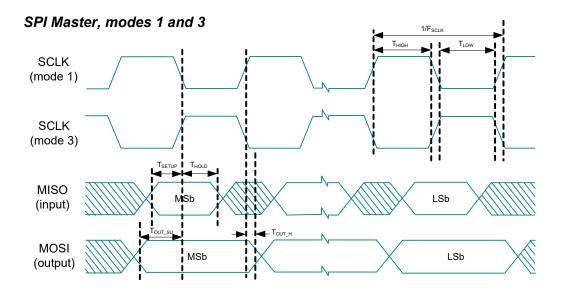


Figure 15. SPI Master Mode 1 and 3

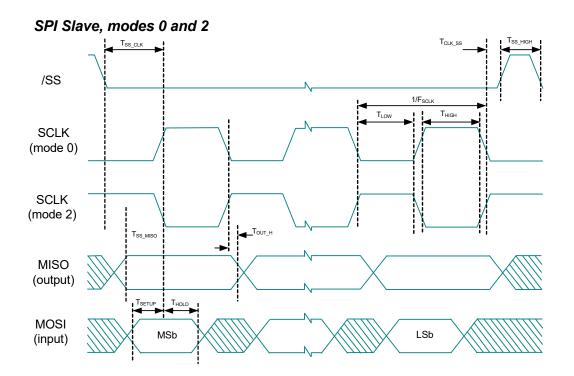




### Table 20. SPI Slave AC Specifications

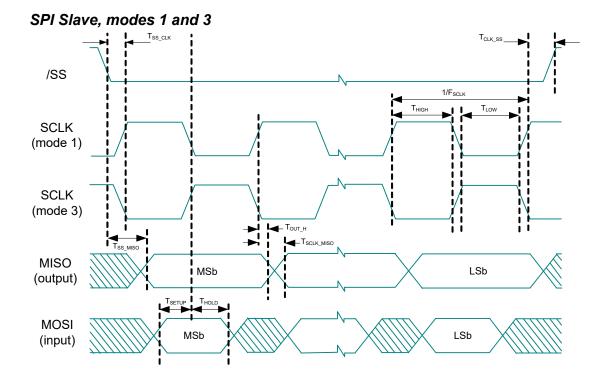
| Symbol                 | Description                    | Conditions | Min                 | Тур | Max | Units |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|---------------------|-----|-----|-------|
| F <sub>SCLK</sub>      | SCLK clock frequency           |            | 0.0469              | -   | 12  | MHz   |
| T <sub>LOW</sub>       | SCLK low time                  |            | 41.67               | -   | -   | ns    |
| T <sub>HIGH</sub>      | SCLK high time                 |            | 41.67               | -   | -   | ns    |
| T <sub>SETUP</sub>     | MOSI to SCLK setup time        |            | 30                  | -   | -   | ns    |
| T <sub>HOLD</sub>      | SCLK to MOSI hold time         |            | 50                  | -   | -   | ns    |
| T <sub>SS_MISO</sub>   | SS low to MISO valid           |            | -                   | -   | 153 | ns    |
| T <sub>SCLK_MISO</sub> | SCLK to MISO valid             |            | -                   | -   | 125 | ns    |
| T <sub>SS_HIGH</sub>   | SS high time                   |            | 50                  | -   | -   | ns    |
| T <sub>SS_CLK</sub>    | Time from SS low to first SCLK |            | 2/F <sub>SCLK</sub> | -   | -   | ns    |
| T <sub>CLK_SS</sub>    | Time from last SCLK to SS high |            | 2/F <sub>SCLK</sub> | _   | _   | ns    |

| Figure   | 16. | SPI      | Slave | Mode | 0 | and 2 |
|----------|-----|----------|-------|------|---|-------|
| i igui o |     | <b>U</b> | 01410 | mouo | • |       |











# **Package Diagrams**

This section illustrates the packaging specifications for the enCoRe V USB device, along with the thermal impedances for each package.

**Important Note** Emulation tools may require a larger area on the target PCB than the chip's footprint. For a detailed description of the enCoRe V emulation tools and their dimensions, refer to the development kit.

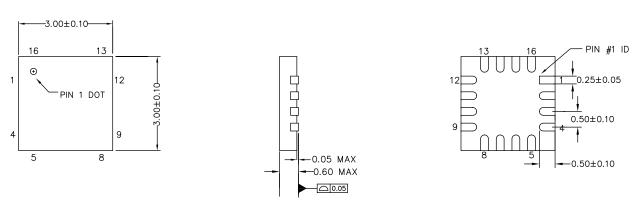
### Packaging Dimensions

#### Figure 18. 16-pin Chip On Lead (3 × 3 × 0.6 mm) LG16A/LD16A (Sawn) Package Outline, 001-09116

TOP VIEW

<u>SIDE VIEW</u>

BOTTOM VIEW

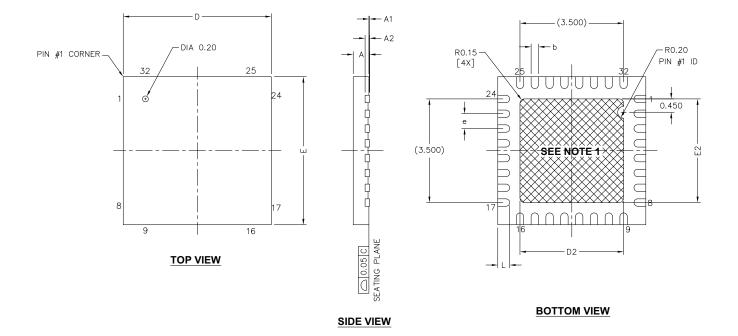


NOTES

- 1. REFERENCE JEDEC # MO-220
- 2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS

001-09116 \*J





#### Figure 19. 32-pin QFN (5 × 5 × 0.55 mm) LQ32 3.5 × 3.5 E-Pad (Sawn) Package Outline, 001-42168

| SYMBOL   | D        | IMENSIC   | NS    |  |  |
|----------|----------|-----------|-------|--|--|
| STIVIBUL | MIN.     | MIN. NOM. |       |  |  |
| A        | 0.50     | 0.55      | 0.60  |  |  |
| A1       | -        | 0.020     | 0.045 |  |  |
| A2       | 0.15 BSC |           |       |  |  |
| D        | 4.90     | 5.00      | 5.10  |  |  |
| D2       | 3.40     | 3.50      | 3.60  |  |  |
| E        | 4.90     | 5.00      | 5.10  |  |  |
| E2       | 3.40     | 3.50      | 3.60  |  |  |
| L        | 0.30     | 0.40      | 0.50  |  |  |
| b        | 0.18     | 0.25      | 0.30  |  |  |
| е        |          | 0.50 TYF  | )     |  |  |

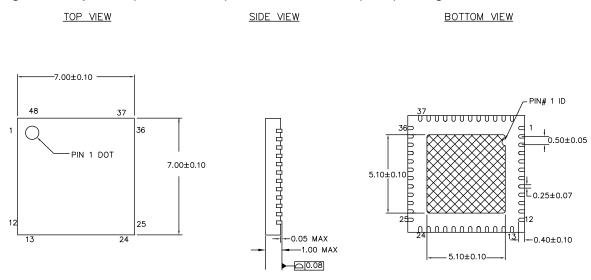
### NOTES:

- 1. 🗱 HATCH AREA IS SOLDERABLE EXPOSED PAD
- 2. BASED ON REF JEDEC # MO-248
- 3. PACKAGE WEIGHT: 0.0388g
- 4. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS

001-42168 \*F



### Figure 20. 48-pin QFN (7 × 7 × 1.00 mm) LT48A 5.1 × 5.1 E-Pad (Sawn) Package Outline, 001-13191



NOTES:

- 1. 🗱 HATCH AREA IS SOLDERABLE EXPOSED METAL.
- 2. REFERENCE JEDEC#: MO-220
- 3. PACKAGE WEIGHT: 13 ± 1 mg
- 4. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS

001-13191 \*H



# **Package Handling**

Some IC packages require baking before they are soldered onto a PCB to remove moisture that may have been absorbed after leaving the factory. A label on the package has details about the actual bake temperature and the minimum bake time to remove this moisture. The maximum bake time is the aggregate time that the parts exposed to the bake temperature. Exceeding this exposure may degrade device reliability.

#### Table 21. Package Handling

| Parameter | Description      | Minimum           | Typical | Maximum           | Unit  |
|-----------|------------------|-------------------|---------|-------------------|-------|
| TBAKETEMP | Bake temperature | -                 | 125     | See package label | °C    |
| TBAKETIME | Bake time        | See package label | -       | 72                | hours |

#### Thermal Impedances

#### Table 22. Thermal Impedances per Package

| Package                    | Typical θ <sub>JA</sub> <sup>[21]</sup> |
|----------------------------|---|
| 16-pin QFN                 | 32.69 °C / W                            |
| 32-pin QFN <sup>[22]</sup> | 19.51 °C / W                            |
| 48-pin QFN <sup>[22]</sup> | 17.68 °C / W                            |

#### **Capacitance on Crystal Pins**

#### Table 23. Typical Package Capacitance on Crystal Pins

| Package    | Package Capacitance |
|------------|---------------------|
| 32-pin QFN | 3.2 pF              |
| 48-pin QFN | 3.3 pF              |

#### Solder Reflow Peak Temperature

Following is the minimum solder reflow peak temperature to achieve good solderability.

#### Table 24. Solder Reflow Peak Temperature

| Package    | Minimum Peak Temperature <sup>[23]</sup> | Maximum Peak Temperature |
|------------|--|--------------------------|
| 16-pin QFN | 240 °C                                   | 260 °C                   |
| 32-pin QFN | 240 °C                                   | 260 °C                   |
| 48-pin QFN | 240 °C                                   | 260 °C                   |

<sup>21.</sup>  $T_J = T_A + Power x \theta_{JA}$ 22. To achieve the thermal impedance specified for the package, solder the center thermal pad to the PCB ground plane.

<sup>23.</sup> Higher temperatures may be required based on the solder melting point. Typical temperatures for solder are 220 ± 5 °C with Sn-Pb or 245 ± 5 °C with Sn-Ag-Cu paste. Refer to the solder manufacturer specifications.



# **Ordering Information**

# Table 25. Ordering Code - Commercial Parts

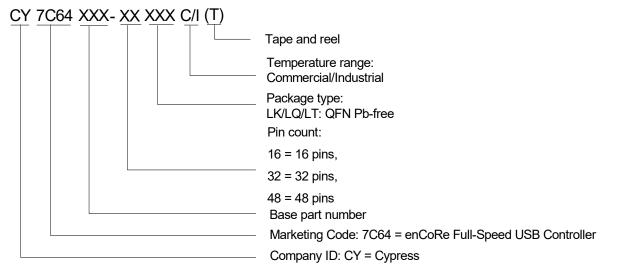
| Ordering Code     | Package Information                       | Flash<br>(KB) | SRAM<br>(KB) | No. of GPIOs | Target Applications  |
|-------------------|---|---------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| CY7C64315-16LKXC  | 16-pin QFN (3 × 3 mm)                     | 16            | 1            | 11           | Mid-tier Full-Speed USB dongle,<br>Remote Control Host Module, Various     |
| CY7C64315-16LKXCT | 16-pin QFN (Tape and Reel),<br>(3 × 3 mm) | 16            | 1            | 11           | Mid-tier Full-Speed USB dongle,<br>Remote Control Host Module, Various     |
| CY7C64316-16LKXC  | 16-pin QFN (3 × 3 mm)                     | 32            | 2            | 11           | Feature-rich Full-Speed USB dongle,<br>Remote Control Host Module, Various |
| CY7C64316-16LKXCT | 16-pin QFN (Tape and Reel),<br>(3 × 3 mm) | 32            | 2            | 11           | Feature-rich Full-Speed USB dongle,<br>Remote Control Host Module, Various |
| CY7C64343-32LQXC  | 32-pin QFN (5 × 5 mm)                     | 8             | 1            | 25           | Full-Speed USB mouse, Various  |
| CY7C64343-32LQXCT | 32-pin QFN (Tape and Reel),<br>(5 × 5 mm) | 8             | 1            | 25           | Full-Speed USB mouse, Various  |
| CY7C64345-32LQXC  | 32-pin QFN (5 × 5 mm)                     | 16            | 1            | 25           | Full-Speed USB mouse, Various  |
| CY7C64345-32LQXCT | 32-pin QFN (Tape and Reel),<br>(5 × 5 mm) | 16            | 1            | 25           | Full-Speed USB mouse, Various  |
| CY7C64346-32LQXCT | 32-pin QFN (Tape and Reel),<br>(5 × 5 mm) | 32            | 1            | 25           | Full-Speed USB keyboard, Various   |
| CY7C64355-48LTXC  | 48-pin QFN (7 × 7 mm)                     | 16            | 1            | 36           | Full-Speed USB keyboard, Various   |
| CY7C64355-48LTXCT | 48-pin QFN (Tape and Reel),<br>(7 × 7 mm) | 16            | 1            | 36           | Full-Speed USB keyboard, Various   |
| CY7C64356-48LTXC  | 48-pin QFN (7 × 7 mm)                     | 32            | 2            | 36           | Feature-rich Full-Speed USB<br>keyboard, Various                           |
| CY7C64356-48LTXCT | 48-pin QFN (Tape and Reel),<br>(7 × 7 mm) | 32            | 2            | 36           | Feature-rich Full-Speed USB<br>keyboard, Various                           |

### Table 26. Ordering Code - Industrial Parts

| Ordering Code     | Package Information                                   | Flash<br>(KB) | SRAM<br>(KB) | No. of GPIOs | Target Applications  |
|-------------------|---|---------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| CY7C64315-16LKXI  | 16-pin QFN, Industrial<br>(3 × 3 mm)                  | 16            | 1            |              | Mid-tier Full-Speed USB dongle,<br>Remote Control Host Module, Various |
| CY7C64315-16LKXIT | 16-pin QFN, Industrial (Tape<br>and Reel), (3 × 3 mm) | 16            | 1            |              | Mid-tier Full-Speed USB dongle,<br>Remote Control Host Module, Various |



# **Ordering Code Definitions**





# Acronyms

| Acronym | Description                       |
|---------|-----------------------------------|
| API     | Application Programming Interface |
| CPU     | Central Processing Unit           |
| GPIO    | General Purpose I/O               |
| ICE     | In-Circuit Emulator               |
| ILO     | Internal Low speed Oscillator     |
| IMO     | Internal Main Oscillator          |
| I/O     | Input/Output                      |
| LSb     | Least Significant Bit             |
| LVD     | Low Voltage Detect                |
| MSb     | Most Significant Bit              |
| POR     | Power On Reset                    |
| PPOR    | Precision Power On Reset          |
| PSoC    | Programmable System-on-Chip       |
| SLIMO   | Slow IMO                          |
| SRAM    | Static Random Access Memory       |

# **Document Conventions**

# **Units of Measure**

| Symbol | Unit of Measure               |  |
|--------|-------------------------------|--|
| °C     | degree Celsius                |  |
| dB     | decibel                       |  |
| fF     | femtofarad                    |  |
| Hz     | hertz                         |  |
| KB     | 1024 bytes                    |  |
| Kbit   | 1024 bits                     |  |
| kHz    | kilohertz                     |  |
| kΩ     | kilohm                        |  |
| MHz    | megahertz                     |  |
| MΩ     | megaohm                       |  |
| μΑ     | microampere                   |  |
| μF     | microfarad                    |  |
| μH     | microhenry                    |  |
| μs     | microsecond                   |  |
| μV     | microvolt                     |  |
| μVrms  | microvolts root-mean-square   |  |
| μW     | microwatt                     |  |
| mA     | milliampere                   |  |
| ms     | milli-second                  |  |
| mV     | millivolt                     |  |
| nA     | nanoampere                    |  |
| ns     | nanosecond                    |  |
| nV     | nanovolt                      |  |
| W      | ohm                           |  |
| pА     | picoampere                    |  |
| pF     | picofarad                     |  |
| рр     | peak-to-peak                  |  |
| ppm    | parts per million             |  |
| ps     | picosecond                    |  |
| sps    | samples per second            |  |
| σ      | sigma: one standard deviation |  |
| V      | volt                          |  |

# **Numeric Naming**

Hexadecimal numbers are represented with all letters in uppercase with an appended lowercase 'h' (for example, '14h' or '3Ah'). Hexadecimal numbers may also be represented by a '0x' prefix, the C coding convention. Binary numbers have an appended lowercase 'b' (for example, '01010100b' or '01000011b'). Numbers not indicated by an 'h', 'b', or '0x' are decimal.



# Errata

This section describes the errata for the enCoRe V, CY7C643xx. Details include errata trigger conditions, scope of impact, available workaround, and silicon revision applicability.

Contact your local Cypress Sales Representative if you have questions.

### Part Numbers Affected

| Part Number | Device Characteristics |
|-------------|------------------------|
| CY7C643xx   | All Variants           |

### enCoRe V Qualification Status

Product Status: In Production

### enCoRe V Errata Summary

The following Errata item applies to the CY7C643xx data sheets.

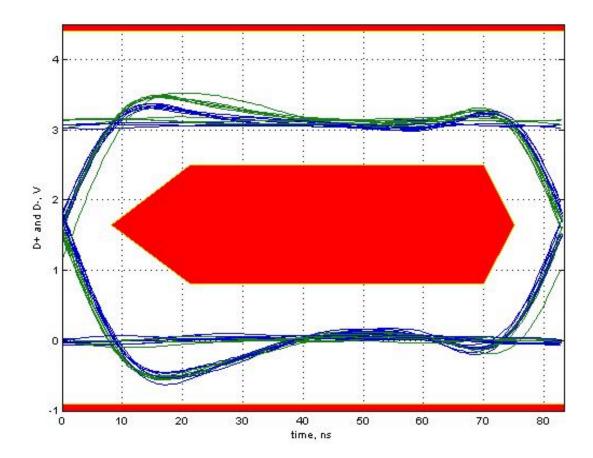
| Items   | Part Number | Fix Status   |
|---|-------------|--|
| [1.] Latch up susceptibility when maximum I/O sink current exceeded.  | CY7C643xx   | This issue will be corrected in the next new silicon revision. |
| [2.] Does not meet USB 2.0 specification for D+ and D- rise/fall matching when supply voltage is under 3.3 V. | CY7C643xx   | This issue will be corrected in the next new silicon revision. |

| 1. Latch up susceptibility when maximum I/O sink current exceeded. |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Problem Definition   | P1[3], P1[6], and P1[7] pins are susceptible to latch up when the I/O sink current exceeds 25 mA per pin on these pins.  |  |  |
| Parameters Affected  | LU – Latch up current. Per JESD78A, the maximum allowable latch up current per pin is 100 mA.<br>Cypress internal specification is 200 mA latch up current limit.  |  |  |
| Trigger Condition(s)   | Latch up occurs when both the following conditions are met:  |  |  |
|  | The offending I/O is externally connected to a voltage higher than the I/O high state, causing a current to flow into the pin that exceeds 25 mA.  |  |  |
|  | A Port1 I/O (P1[1], P1[4], and P1[5] respectively) adjacent to the offending I/O is connected to a voltage<br>lower than the I/O low state. This causes a signal that drops below Vss (signal undershoot) and a<br>current greater than 200 mA to flow out of the pin. |  |  |
| Scope of Impact  | The trigger conditions outlined in this item exceed the maximum ratings specified in the CY7C643xx data sheets.  |  |  |
| Workaround   | Add a series resistor > 300 $\Omega$ to P1[3], P1[6], and P1[7] pins to restrict current to within latch up limits.  |  |  |
| Fix Status   | This issue will be corrected in the next new silicon revision.   |  |  |



| 2. Does not meet USB 2.0 specification for D+ and D- rise/fall matching when supply voltage is under 3.3 V.  |   |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Problem Definition Rising to falling rate matching of the USB D+ and D- lines has a corner case at lower supply volt such as those under 3.3 V.  |   |  |  |
| Parameters Affected  | arameters Affected Rising to falling rate matching of the USB data lines.   |  |  |
| Trigger Condition(s)   | Operating the VCC supply voltage at the low end of the chip's specification (under 3.3 V) may cause a mismatch in the rising to falling rate. |  |  |
| Scope of Impact         This condition does not affect USB communications but could cause corner case issues rise/fall matching specification. Signal integrity tests were run using the Cypress development excellent eye was observed with supply voltage of 3.15 V. |   |  |  |
| Workaround         Avoid the trigger condition by using lower tolerance voltage regulators.  |   |  |  |
| Fix Status         This issue will not be corrected in the next new silicon revision.  |   |  |  |

# Figure 21. Eye Diagram





# **Document History Page**

| Rev. | ECN No. | Submission<br>Date | Description of Change  |  |
|------|---------|--------------------|--|--|
| **   | 626256  | See ECN            | New data sheet.  |  |
| *A   | 735718  | See ECN            | Filled in TBDs, added new block diagram, and corrected some values. Part numbers updated as per new specifications.  |  |
| *B   | 1120404 | See ECN            | Corrected the block diagram and Figure 3, which is the 16-pin enCoRe V device. Corrected the description to pin 29 on Table 2, the Typ/Max values for I <sub>SB0</sub> on the DC chip-level specifications, the current value for the latch-up current in the Electrical Characteristics section, and corrected the 16 QFN package information in the Thermal Impedance table. Corrected some of the bulleted items on the first page.<br>Added DC Characteristics–USB Interface table.<br>Added AC Characteristics–USB Data Timings table.<br>Added AC Characteristics–USB Data Timings table.<br>Corrected Flash Write Endurance minimum value in the DC Programming Specifications table.<br>Corrected the Flash Erase Time max value and the Flash Block Write Time max value in the AC Programming Specifications table.<br>Implemented new latest template.<br>Include parameters: Vcrs, Rpu (USB, active), Rpu (USB suspend), Tfdeop, Tfeopr2, Tfeopt Tfst.<br>Added register map tables.<br>Corrected a value in the DC Chip-Level Specifications table. |  |
| *C   | 1241024 | See ECN            | Corrected Idd values in Table 6 - DC Chip-Level Specifications.  |  |
| *D   | 1639963 | See ECN            | Post to www.cypress.com  |  |
| *E   | 2138889 | See ECN            | Updated Ordering Code table:<br>- Ordering code changed for 32-QFN package: From -32LKXC to -32LTXC<br>- Added a new package type – "LTXC" for 48-QFN<br>- Included Tape and Reel ordering code for 32-QFN and 48-QFN packages<br>Changed active current values at 24, 12 and 6MHz in table "DC Chip-Level Specifications<br>- IDD24: 2.15 to 3.1mA<br>- IDD12: 1.45 to 2.0mA<br>- IDD6: 1.1 to 1.5mA<br>Added information on using P1[0] and P1[1] as the I2C interface during POR or reset events  |  |
| *F   | 2583853 | 10/10/08           | Converted from Preliminary to Final<br>Added operating voltage ranges with USB<br>ADC resolution changed from 10-bit to 8-bit<br>Rephrased battery monitoring clause in page 1 to include "with external components"<br>Included ADC specifications table<br>Included Voh7, Voh8, Voh9, Voh10 specs<br>Flash data retention – condition added to Note [11]<br>Input leakage spec changed to 25 nA max<br>Under AC Char, Frequency accuracy of ILO corrected<br>GPIO rise time for ports 0,1 and ports 2,3 made common<br>AC Programming specifications updated<br>Included AC Programming cycle timing diagram<br>AC SPI specification updated<br>Spec change for 32-QFN package<br>Input Leakage Current maximum value changed to 1 μA<br>Updated V <sub>OHV</sub> parameter in Table 13<br>Updated thermal impedances for the packages<br>Update Development Tools, add Designing with PSoC Designer. Edit, fix links and table<br>format. Update TMs.   |  |



# Document History Page (continued)

| Rev. | ECN No. | Submission | Description of Change   |
|------|---------|------------|---|
|      |         | Date       | Updated Features, Functional Overview, Development Tools, and Designing with PSoC Designer sections with edits.   |
| *G   | 2653717 | 02/04/09   | Removed 'GUI - graphical user interface' from Document Conventions acronym table.<br>Removed 'O - Only a read/write register or bits' in Table 4<br>Edited Table 8: removed 10-bit resolution information and corrected units column.<br>Added package handling section<br>Added 8K part 'CY7C64343-32LQXC' to Ordering Information.  |
| *H   | 2714694 | 06/04/2009 | Updated Block Diagram.<br>Added Full Speed USB, 10-bit ADC, SPI, and I2C Slave sections.<br>ADC Resolution changed from 8-bit to 10-bit<br>Updated Table 9 DC Chip Level Specs<br>Updated Table10 DC Char - USB Interface<br>Updated Table 12 DC POR and LDV Specs<br>Changed operating temperature from Commercial to Industrial<br>Changed Temperature Range to Industrial: -40 to 85°C<br>Figure 9: Changed minimum CPU Frequency from 750 kHz to 5.7 MHz<br>Table 14: Removed "Maximum" from the F <sub>CPU</sub> description<br>Ordering Information: Replaced 'C' with 'I' in all part numbers to denote Industrial Temp<br>Range |
| *    | 2764460 | 09/16/2009 | Changed Table 12: ADC Specs<br>Added $F_{32K2}$ (Untrimmed) spec to Table 16: AC Chip level Specs<br>Changed $T_{RAMP}$ spec to $SR_{POWER, UP}$ in Table 16: AC Chip Level Specs<br>Added Table 27: Typical Package Capacitance on Crystal Pins  |
| *J   | 2811903 | 11/20/2009 | Added USB-IF TID number in Features on page 1. Added Note 5 on page 18. Changed $V_{IH}$ in Table 12 on page 22.  |
| *К   | 2874274 | 02/05/10   | On page 4, changed the input voltage range from '0 V to 1.3 V' to '0 V to $V_{REFADC}$ '.<br>Added note for Operating Voltage in Table 6.<br>Updated Register Map.<br>Added SPI slave and master mode diagrams; in Table 19, changed $T_{OUT\_HIGH}$ parameter to $T_{OUT\_H}$ and modified description; in Table 20, updated $T_{SS\_CLK}$ and $T_{CLK\_SS}$ min value to $2/F_{SCLK}$ and changed description of $T_{SS\_MISO}$ .<br>Added Vdd <sub>USB</sub> parameter in Table 6.<br>Updated package diagrams.  |
| *L   | 3028310 | 09/13/2010 | Removed HPOR bit reference from DC POR and LVD Specifications<br>Updated Development Tools and Designing with PSoC Designer.<br>Added Ordering Code Definitions<br>Moved Acronyms and Document Conventions to end of document.  |
| *M   | 3048308 | 10/06/2010 | Updated Features section as furnished in the CDT 74890<br>Updated datasheet as per new template<br>All footnotes updated sequentially   |
| *N   | 3557631 | 03/21/2012 | Updated Getting Started.<br>Updated Package Diagrams.<br>Updated in new template.   |
| *0   | 3912957 | 03/06/2013 | Updated Functional Overview (Updated The enCoRe V Core (Updated contents in the section), updated Full-Speed USB (Updated contents in the section)).<br>Updated Register Mapping Tables (Updated Table 3 (Replaced "EC0_ENBUS" with "ECO_ENBUS" and replaced "EC0_TRIM" with "ECO_TRIM")).<br>Updated Package Diagrams:<br>spec 001-09116 – Changed revision from *F to *H.<br>spec 001-42168 – Changed revision from *D to *E.<br>spec 001-13191 – Changed revision from *F to *G.   |



# Document History Page (continued)

| Document Title: CY7C6431x/CY7C6434x/CY7C6435x, enCoRe™ V Full Speed USB Controller<br>Document Number: 001-12394 |         |                    |  |
|--|---------|--------------------|--|
| Rev.   | ECN No. | Submission<br>Date | Description of Change  |
| *P   | 3979449 | 04/23/2013         | Added Errata.  |
| *Q   | 4074443 | 07/23/2013         | Added Errata footnotes (Note 8, 19).<br>Updated Electrical Specifications:<br>Updated Absolute Maximum Ratings:<br>Added Note 8 and referred the same note in LU parameter.<br>Updated AC Electrical Characteristics<br>Updated AC Chip Level Specifications:<br>Added Note 19 and referred the same note in TR parameter in Table 14.<br>Updated to new template. |
| *R   | 4197134 | 11/20/2013         | Updated Package Diagrams:<br>spec 001-09116 – Changed revision from *H to *I.<br>Completing Sunset Review.   |
| *S   | 4578605 | 12/11/2014         | Updated Pin Information:<br>Updated 32-pin part pinout:<br>Updated Figure 7 (No change in figure, included CY7C64346 in figure caption).<br>Updated Package Diagrams:<br>spec 001-09116 – Changed revision from *I to *J.<br>Updated Ordering Information:<br>Updated Table 25:<br>Updated part numbers.   |
| *Т   | 5548557 | 12/12/2016         | Updated Cypress Logo, Sales Page and Disclaimer.<br>Updated Figure 20 (spec 001-13191 *G to *H) in Package Diagrams.<br>Removed the following obsolete part numbers (Table 26) in Ordering Information:<br>CY7C64343-32LQXI, CY7C64343-32LQXIT, CY7C64345-32LQXI, CY7C64345-32LQXIT,<br>CY7C64356-48LTXI, CY7C64356-48LTXIT.                                       |
| *U   | 5715963 | 04/27/2017         | Updated Cypress Logo and Copyright.  |
| *V   | 6895853 | 06/10/2020         | Updated Package Diagrams:<br>spec 001-42168– Changed revision from *E to *F.<br>Updated to template.   |



# Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information

#### Worldwide Sales and Design Support

Cypress maintains a worldwide network of offices, solution centers, manufacturer's representatives, and distributors. To find the office closest to you, visit us at Cypress Locations.

#### Products

| Arm <sup>®</sup> Cortex <sup>®</sup> Microcontrollers | cypress.com/arm        |
|---|------------------------|
| Automotive  | cypress.com/automotive |
| Clocks & Buffers                                      | cypress.com/clocks     |
| Interface   | cypress.com/interface  |
| Internet of Things                                    | cypress.com/iot        |
| Memory  | cypress.com/memory     |
| Microcontrollers                                      | cypress.com/mcu        |
| PSoC  | cypress.com/psoc       |
| Power Management ICs                                  | cypress.com/pmic       |
| Touch Sensing   | cypress.com/touch      |
| USB Controllers                                       | cypress.com/usb        |
| Wireless Connectivity                                 | cypress.com/wireless   |

# **PSoC<sup>®</sup> Solutions**

PSoC 1 | PSoC 3 | PSoC 4 | PSoC 5LP | PSoC 6 MCU

#### **Cypress Developer Community**

Community | Code Examples | Projects | Video | Blogs | Training | Components

#### **Technical Support**

cypress.com/support

© Cypress Semiconductor Corporation, 2006-2020. This document is the property of Cypress Semiconductor Corporation and its subsidiaries ("Cypress"). This document, including any software or firmware included or referenced in this document ("Software"), is owned by Cypress under the intellectual property laws and treaties of the United States and other countries worldwide. Cypress reserves all rights under such laws and treaties and does not, except as specifically stated in this paragraph, grant any license under its patents, copyrights, trademarks, or other intellectual property rights. If the Software is not accompanied by a license agreement and you do not otherwise have a written agreement with Cypress governing the use of the Software, then Cypress hereby grants you a personal, non-exclusive, nontransferable license (without the right to sublicense) (1) under its copyright rights in the Software in binary code form, to modify and reproduce the Software solely for use with Cypress hardware products, only internally within your organization, and (b) to distribute the Software in binary code form externally to end users (either directly or indirectly through resellers and distributors), solely for use on Cypress hardware product units, and (2) under those claims of Cypress's patents that are infringed by the Software (as provided by Cypress, undefined) to make, use, distribute, and import the Software solely for use with Cypress hardware product. Any other use, reproduction, modification, translation, or compilation of the Software is prohibited.

TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, CYPRESS MAKES NO WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH REGARD TO THIS DOCUMENT OR ANY SOFTWARE OR ACCOMPANYING HARDWARE, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. No computing device can be absolutely secure. Therefore, despite security measures implemented in Cypress hardware or software products, Cypress shall have no liability arising out of any security breach, such as unauthorized access to or use of a Cypress product. CYPRESS DOES NOT REPRESENT, WARRANT, OR GUARANTEE THAT CYPRESS PRODUCTS, OR SYSTEMS CREATED USING CYPRESS PRODUCTS, WILL BE FREE FROM CORRUPTION, ATTACK, VIRUSES, INTERFERENCE, HACKING, DATALOSS OR THEFT, OR OTHER SECURITY INTRUSION (collectively, "Security Breach"). Cypress disclaims any liability relating to any Security Breach, and you shall and hereby do release Cypress from any claim, damage, or other liability arising from any Security Breach. In addition, the products described in these materials may contain design defects or errors known as errata which may cause the product to deviate from published specifications. To the extent permitted by applicable law, Cypress reserves the right to make changes to this document, including any sample design information or programming code, is provided only for reference purposes. It is the responsibility of the user of this document. Any information provided in this document, including any sample design information made of this information and any resulting product. "High-Risk Device" means any device or system whose failure could cause personal lingury, death, or properly damage. Examples of High-Risk Devices are weapons, nuclear installations, surgical implants, and other medical devices. "Critical Component" means any component of a High-Risk Device whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause, directly or indirectly, the failure of the High-Risk Device. You shall indemnify and hold Cypress, its directors, o

Cypress, the Cypress logo, Spansion, the Spansion logo, and combinations thereof, WICED, PSoC, CapSense, EZ-USB, F-RAM, and Traveo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Cypress in the United States and other countries. For a more complete list of Cypress trademarks, visit cypress.com. Other names and brands may be claimed as property of their respective owners.